



# SDN for Inter Cloud Networking

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# Objectives

## ■ Cloud networking

- Provide connectivity in a non-intrusive way of distributed resources (preserves the network configuration of cloud providers) .
- Establish dynamically and control end to end connectivity of distributed resources and services
- Cloud and network providers involved



# Summary

- **Cloud Broker Framework**
- **Cloud Request Splitting**
- **Cloud Networking Gateway Manager description**
- **Performance Results**

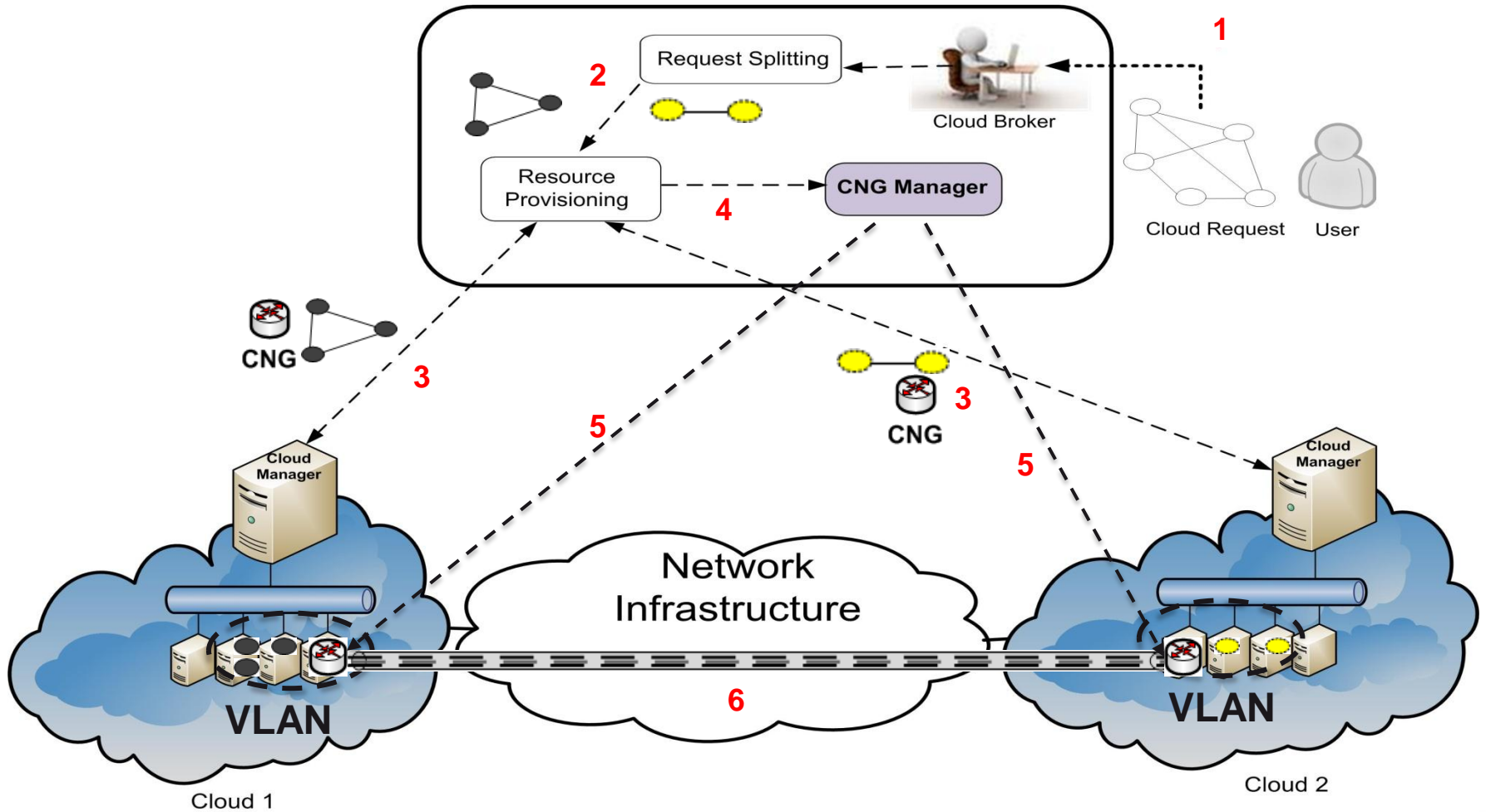


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# Cloud Broker Framework

Cloud Broker Framework





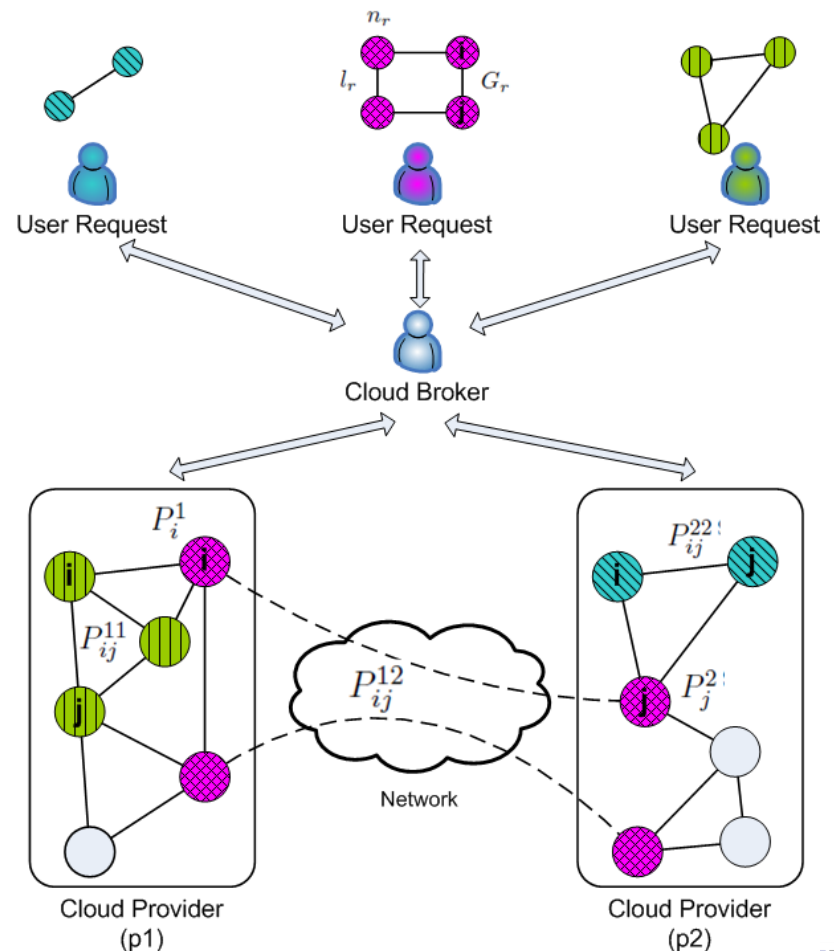
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# Cloud Request Splitting

## Objective:

- Find optimal (minimum connectivity cost) request splitting across multiple cloud providers
- Splitting algorithm determines the sub-graphs to providers mapping



# Cloud Request Splitting

- $x_i^j$  : set to 1 if resource  $i$  is associated with cloud provider  $j$ .
- $y_{ii'}^{jj'}$  : set to 1 if a requested link between nodes  $i, i' \in N_r$  involves cloud providers  $j$  and  $j'$ .
- $P_i^j$  : price (or cost) of requested node  $i$  if provided by cloud provider cloud  $j$ .
- $P_{ii'}^{jj'}$  : price (or cost) of link between, nodes  $i, i' \in N_r$  when involving cloud providers  $j$  and  $j'$

## ■ Quadratic program formulation:

$$(A) \begin{cases} \min( \sum_{i \in N_r} \sum_{j \in P_r} P_i^j x_i^j + \sum_{\substack{(i,i') \in N_r \\ i < i'}} \sum_{(j,j') \in P_r} P_{ii'}^{jj'} x_i^j x_{i'}^{j'} ) \\ \sum_{j \in P_r} x_i^j = 1; \quad \forall i \in N_r; \quad x_i^j \in \{0, 1\} \end{cases}$$

## ■ Linear integer program formulation:

$$(A) \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} \min( \sum_{i \in N_r} \sum_{j \in P_r} P_i^j x_i^j + \sum_{\substack{(i,i') \in N_r \\ i < i'}} \sum_{(j,j') \in P_r} P_{ii'}^{jj'} y_{ii'}^{jj'} ) \\ \sum_{j' \in P_r} y_{ii'}^{jj'} = x_i^j; \quad \forall i, i' \in N_r; \quad \forall j \in P_r \\ x_i^j + x_{i'}^{j'} - y_{ii'}^{jj'} \leq 1 \\ \sum_{j \in P_r} x_i^j = 1; \quad \forall i \in N_r; \quad x_i^j \in \{0, 1\}; \quad y_{ii'}^{jj'} \in \{0, 1\} \end{cases}$$





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# Cloud Networking Gateway Manager

- **The CNG-M in the proposed networking architecture can be seen as an SDN controller**
- **The networking architecture relies on two main components:**
  - SDN controller called Cloud Networking Gateway Manager (CNG Manager)
  - A virtual and generic appliance (CNG)
    - acting as a gateway between user resources (named Cloud Networking Gateway, CNG).
    - the CNG provides a RESTful interface to enable the configuration and the programmability of its features by the CNG Manager.

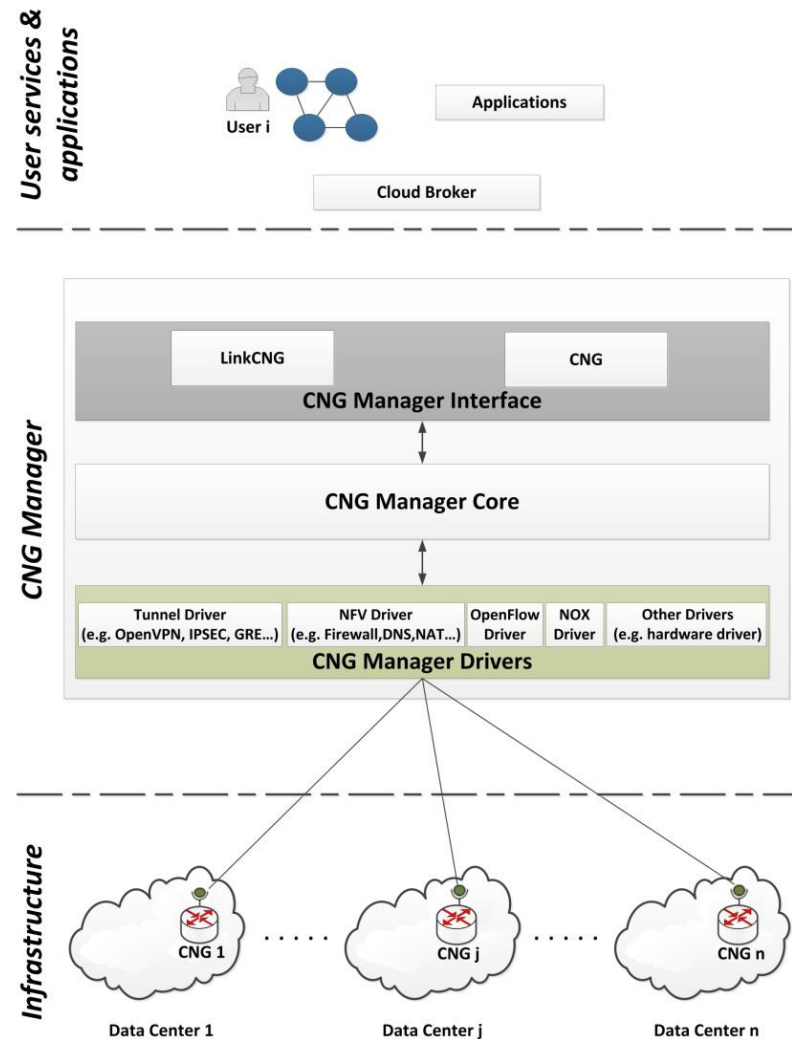
# Cloud Networking Gateway Manager

- **Ensures connectivity between resources acquired from distributed and independent cloud providers.**
- **Gives partial or complete control of connectivity to the users so they network their applications.**

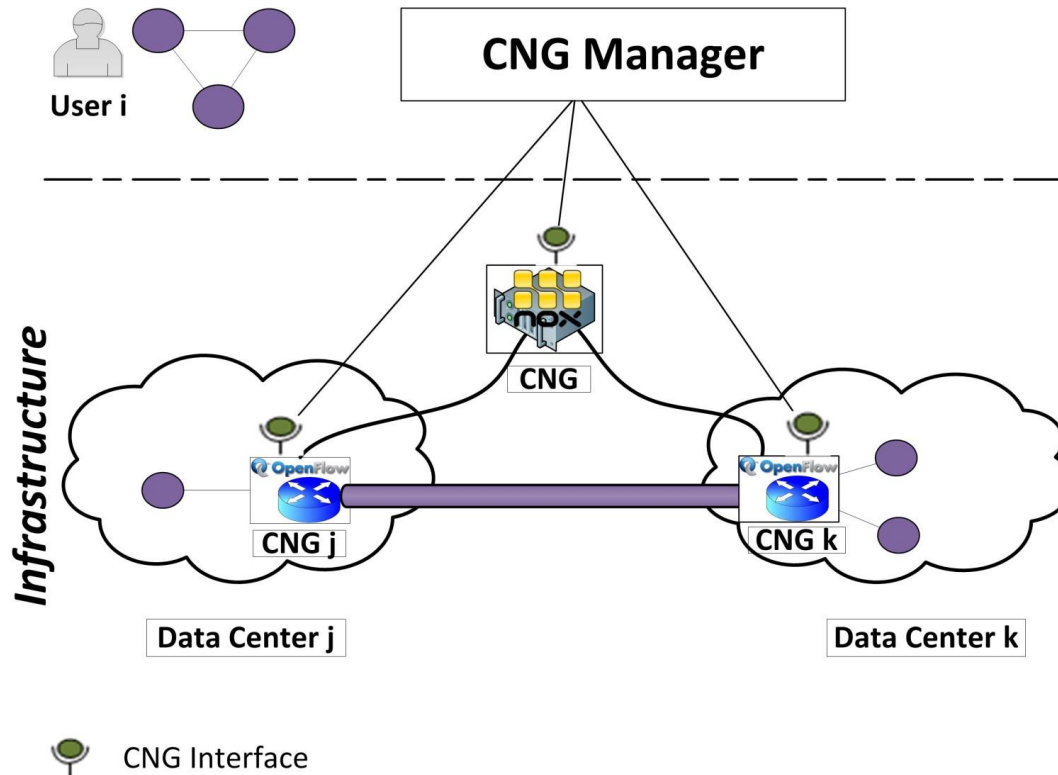
# Cloud Networking Gateway Manager

## ■ The CNG Manager has:

- Northbound interface towards client requesting connectivity based on the OCCl specification and service model.
- The CNG Manager Core selects the appropriate drivers, in line with user expressed networking requirements.
- Southbound interface interacting with transport technologies through specific drivers.



# Example with OpenFlow network



- CNG Manager relies on an OpenFlow driver to configure 2 CNGs acting as OpenFlow switches connected to a NOX controller



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# Performance Results (CNG Manager)

Cloud Providers	2	4	6	8	10
Delay (s)	6.77	18.86	27.29	44.77	59.135

- Configuration delays of the network graphs composed through CNG nodes.
- Each node of the network graph represents a cloud provider.

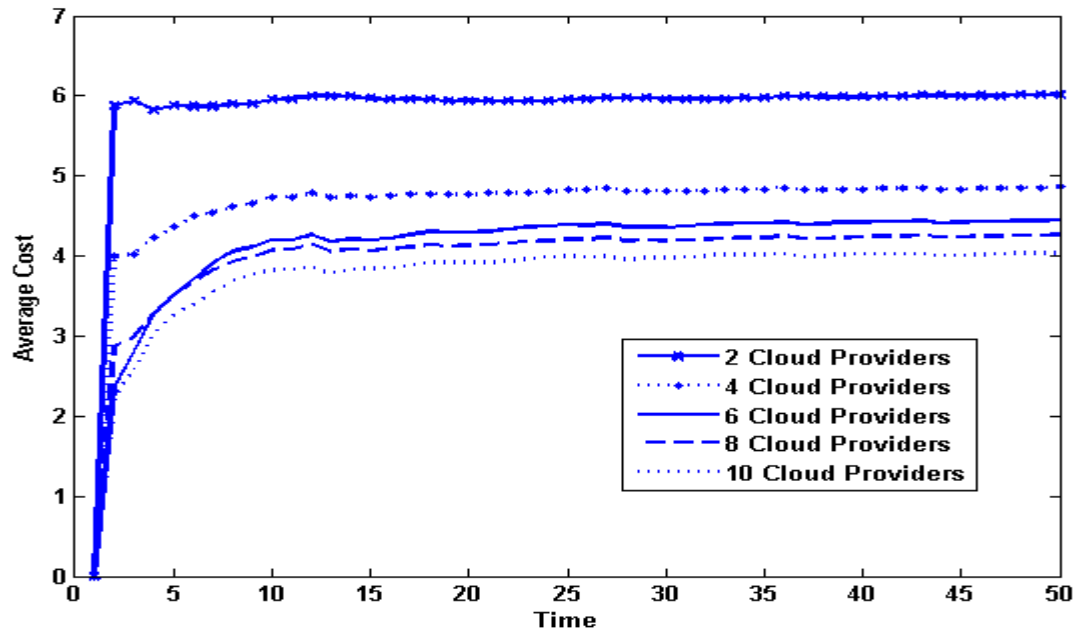
# Performance Results (Splitting algorithm)

Cloud Providers	Request Size	5	10	15	17	20
	2		0	0.01	0.02	0.02
3		0	0.03	0.08	0.05	0.36
4		0	0.05	0.33	0.47	0.67
5		0.01	0.08	0.55	0.81	1.61
6		0.01	0.23	0.94	2.38	4.05

- Delay required to split a Cloud request between multiple Cloud Providers: Exact method.



# Performance Results (Splitting algorithm)



- Average cost generated by the graph splitting algorithm when multiple Cloud Providers are involved.

# Conclusion

- Proposed an SDN controller (the CNG Manager) to achieve dynamic on demand inter cloud networking.
- Control of connectivity between distributed resources acquired from multiple cloud providers.
- The CNG Manager is available at:
  - <https://github.com/MarouenMechtri/CNG-Manager>
- Future work :
  - multi-objectives optimization as needed in the cloud context.
  - generalizing SDN principles to support distributed & connected clouds services.



**Thank you for your attention**

**Questions?**



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