

# **Technology Innovations for Space Exploration\***

## **IEEE Pikes Peak Section**

#### Kumar Krishen Ph.D.

Fellow, SDPS, Fellow and Distinguished Speaker, IETE NASA Exceptional Service Medal Recipient

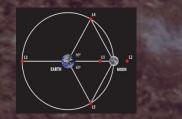
March 4, 2021

\*The views expressed in this presentation are not necessarily those of NASA

## **Presentation Outline**

- Space Exploration & Utilization in Next few
   Decades
- Space Exploration & Utilization Challenges
- List of Technologies with High Pay-off
- New Technologies (Examples)

Superconductors, Ionic Polymer Metallic Composites, Carbon Nano Technology, Variable Specific Impulse Magnetoplasma Rocket, Wavelet Technology









# **Towering genius** disdains a beaten path. It seeks regions hitherto unexplored.



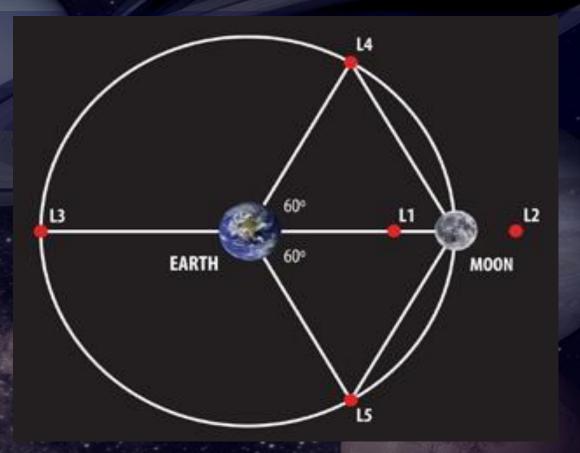
**President Abraham Lincoln** 

On Understanding Universe **Expanding the boundaries of our** knowledge to understand the birth, existence, and extinction processes of the universe(s) presents one of the greatest challenges of all times. This includes the understanding of time, space, energy, matter, and life.





# Lagrange Points



There are five Lagrange Points in cis-lunar space. These points are five locations in space where the gravitational pull of the Earth and Moon are balanced. This means that a vehicle or facility stationed at a Lagrange point, such as EM L1 or L2, would require very little fuel to stay in place, making it a prime staging point for space exploration/utilization.

From NASA Voyages Report

## **Next Few Decades for Space Exploration**

**Exploration of Solar System and Universe** > Telescopes and Observatories **Earth Orbit and Lagrange Points** >Observation – Earth and Space >Storing/Assembly/Staging **Human Laboratories and Recreation/Tourism** >Moon and Mars Mission Technology Development **Communication Infrastructure GPS** Infrastructure >Space Force

## **Next Few Decades for Space Exploration**

## ≻Moon

>**Telescopes and Observatories Scientific and Technological Laboratories** >Manufacturing, Mining, and Testing ► Recycling of Resources >In-Situ Resource Utilization ► Mars Human Mission Test Bed >Mars

Exploration- Robotics and AutomationHuman Mission(s)

Big Tech Seems Ready to Conquer Space Lifewire-Allison Matyus, October 23, 2020 Microsoft and SpaceX's Partnership Another Big Tech Company Entering Space Industry

Google, Amazon, Microsoft, and Facebook Interested in Space Technology

#### >Venturing into Satellite Communications

Estimated 42 million in USA have access to Broadband Internet

>Launching a Network of 3,236 Satellites as Project Kuiper

PointView Tech Satellite uses 71-76 GHz for Downlinks, 81-86 GHz for Uplinks in E-band spectrum

Earth Observation SatellitesGPS Constellations

Big Tech Seems Ready to Conquer Space Lifewire-Allison Matyus, October 23, 2020

- Solution Space to Portfolios
  Solution Space to Portfolios
- **Space Community Growing Rapidly** 
  - Innovation is lowering the barriers for Public and Private Sector
  - The Starlink Satellites SpaceX and Microsoft Working on
     Will result in more than 40,000 spacecraft added to geostationary orbit, according to Space.com. Amazon's Project Kuiper promises 3,236 satellites to crowded satellite belt, about 22,236 miles above Earth

**Overarching Technology Drivers for Exploration** Performance in Extreme Environments > Gravity, Temperature, Radiation, Vacuum, Dust, Dust Storms ► Mission Cost > Mass, Size, Power Consumption, Long Life, Reusable, **Recycling, In-Situ Resource Utilization** >High Degree of Autonomy, Reliability, and Safety >Human "Agents" and "Amplifiers"

### **Future Challenges\***

Many of NASA's challenges are not achievable by extensions of current technology

#### Size per Mass

- Ultra-large apertures
- Solar sails
- Gossamer spacecraft
- Diameters > 25-50 m are not achievable by extension of current materials technologies

#### **Strength per Mass**

 Air/launch/space vehicles • Human habitats in space Self-sensing& Healing systems



Factors of 10 - 100 are not achievable by current materials options

#### Capability per Mass & Power



- Micro spacecraft
- Quantum-limited sensors
- Biochem lab-on-a-chip

**Conventional device** technologies cannot be pushed much farther

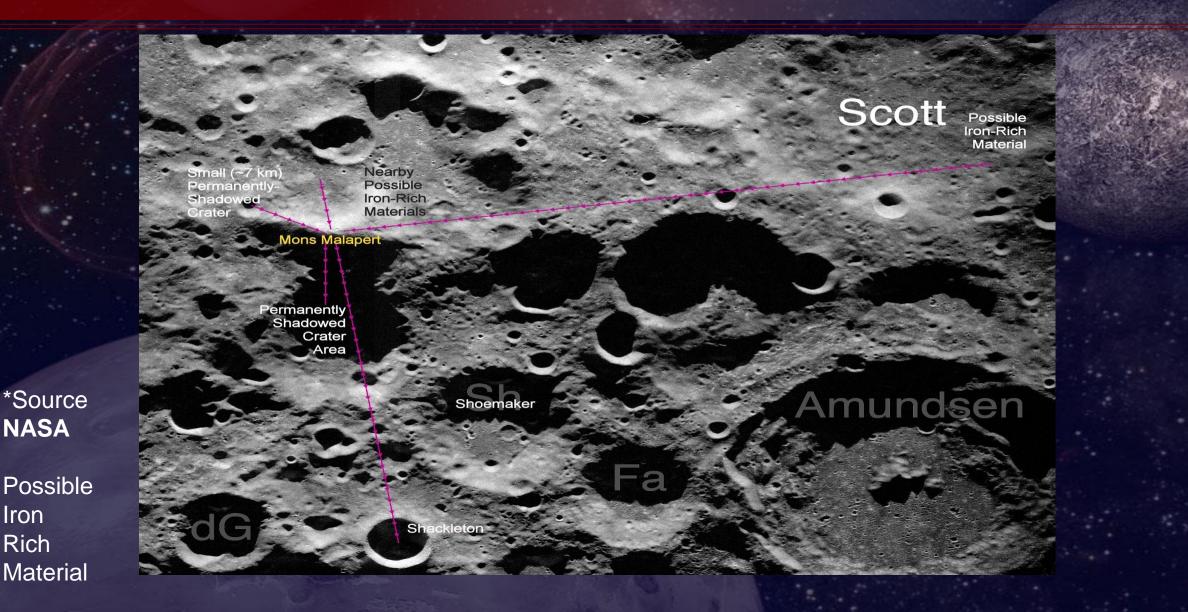
#### Intelligence per Mass & Power

- 666666
  - Medical autonomy • Al partners in space
  - Evolvable space systems

Current information processing technologies are approaching their limit, and cannot support truly autonomous space systems

#### \*Source: NASA

## Lunar South Polar region Showing Mons Malapert\*



Iron

Rich

Lunar dust covers the lower part of Astronaut Harrison Schmitt's spacesuit during the Apollo 17 Mission



## **Galactic Cosmic Rays (GCR)**

> Space radiation is composed of high-energy protons and heavy ions (HZEs) along with secondary protons, neutrons, and heavy ions produced via interaction with shielding materials **Abundances and energies in space** environment understood, but large **biological uncertainties** limit ability to accurately evaluate risks > Heavy ions are not effectively shielded (break up into lighter, more penetrating fragments)

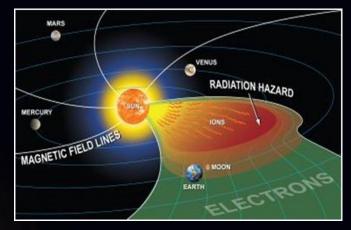
> st-Enshrouded Quasar Spitzer Space Telescope • IRAC • MIPS Radio: NRAO • VLA A / JP, Catach / A. Martinez Bannigre [Onford, University] sec2005174

## **Space Radiation Environment**

Space radiation environment poses both acute & chronic risks to crew health and safety, with clinically relevant implications for the lifetime of the crew

Risk of Radiation Carcinogenesis from Space Radiation Exposure
 Risk of Acute or Late Central Nervous System Effects from Space Radiation –

- inflight cognitive or behavioral changes that impact mission success and late neurological disorders
- Risk of Cardiovascular Disease and other Degenerative Tissue Risks from Space Radiation
- > Acute Radiation Risks from Solar Particle Event Exposure
  - prodromal risks, immune system dysfunction and skin injury that jeopardize crew health and mission success





## Thriving in Space Aerospace America -November 2020

Communications

- **Radiation Hardning for Hardware and Software**
- Low-cost Architecture
- **≻In-Space Connectivity**
- **Food Production**

Growing Something Green Reminds Astronauts of Home
 Water and Nutrient Solution to Roots
 Large Scale Food Production
 Hybrid Life Support System by Providing Supplemental Oxygen

## Thriving in Space Aerospace America -November 2020 (Continued)

## >Manufacturing

- **>**Radiation-Resistant Enclosures
- >3D Printing of Plastic, Metal, Ceramics, and Electronics
- >Challenge is Having Right Raw Materials
- >Make It: Don't Take It!
- **Bio-Printed Human Tissue on Board ISS**

## >Mining

- ≻Need for Demand
- **Water Production**
- >Mining Metals for Space and Earth Use

## Thriving in Space Aerospace America - November 2020 (Concluded)

### >Transportation

- **Reusable Vehicles**
- >Need for propellant and other consumables
  - >Lunar poles have water ice and other consumables
    - > Harvest for Rocket Propellant
    - Sun Flower- Megawatts Low-Cost Power
  - ▷Mars Atmosphere has Carbon Dioxide and Surface has Water
  - >Make Liquid Oxygen, Liquid Hydrogen, and Methane
  - >Harvest Asteroid Resources

### Farming on Mars [Science News]

https://www.sciencenews.org/article/mars-farming-harder-martian-regolith-soil

#### > In dirt closer to Mars

#### > It gets harder and harder for plants to grow in it

> We will Need to put in a lot of work to transform Mars dirt into something that plants can grow in

#### > Plants need to be fertilized with a mixture of

#### nitrogen, potassium, calcium and other nutrients

Under hydroponic-like conditions

#### **Mars dirt high in pH**, about 9.5

- Natural soils has pH level around 7
- > synthetic dirt treated with sulfuric acid to lower the pH to 7.2

#### > About 2 percent Mars surface has calcium perchlorate, a toxic salt

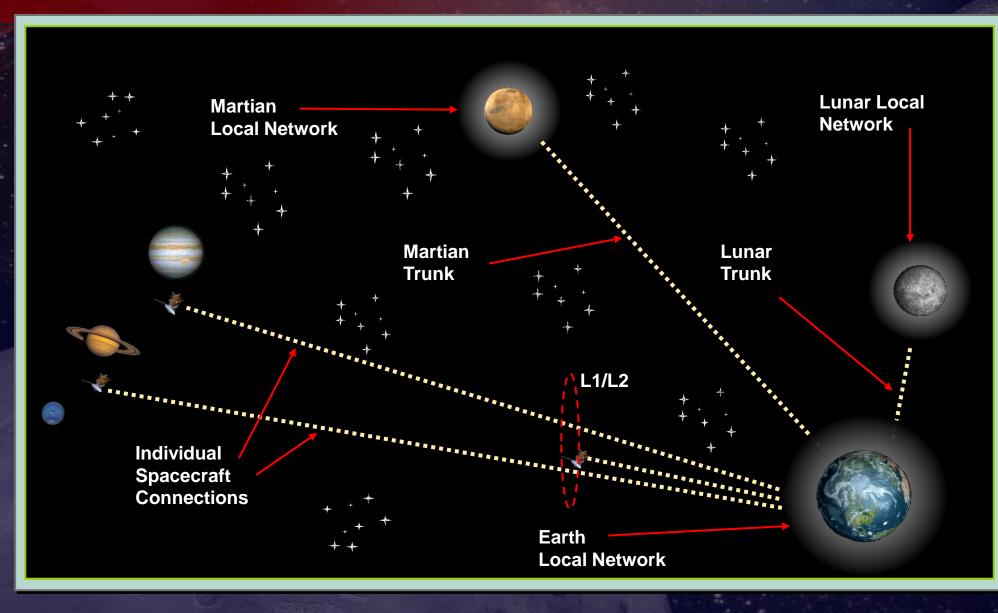
As the microbes eat the salt, they give off oxygen. If these bacteria were taken from Earth to Mars, Martian dirt could be used for farming

#### >It's not quite as easy as it looks in The Martian



#### **By Maria Temming** NOVEMBER 18, 2020

## **Top Level Conceptual Communication Architecture**



Source

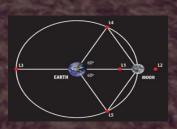
NASA

## **General Comments**

There are systems many Nations have (will have) in the orbits of Moon/Mars or have left (will leave) on their surfaces. An admirable goal would be to collect and properly store these used systems. These would also provide valuable data regarding the environmental effects associated with being around or on Moon/Mars

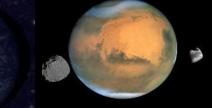
Leave Mars/Moon Pristine

## **Steps to Selecting New Technologies for Space Exploration**

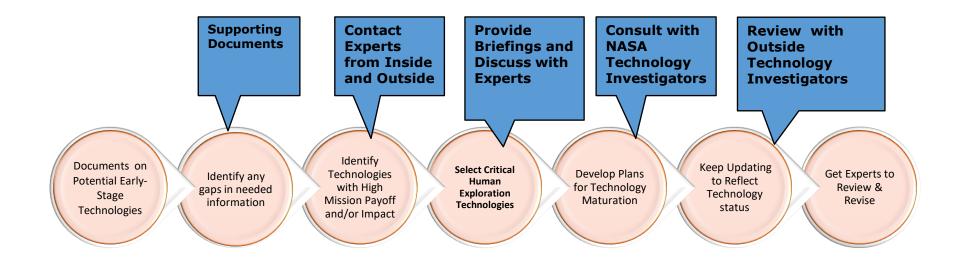








#### Provide recommendation and plan to mature early-stage technologies that will close critical human exploration technology gaps



#### **Steps to Selecting New Technologies and Development of Plans**

Dr. Kumar Krishen- Updated October 2017

### **New Technologies with Potential for Space Exploration**

 Quantum Vacuum Plasma Thruster (Q-Thruster) Technology
 Variable Specific Impulse Magnetoplasma Rocket (VASIMR®) Engine

Habitation Wastewater Recovery Technology
 Biodigesters: Waste-to-Fertilizer Conversion Technology
 Laser Processed Heat Exchangers
 In-Situ Resource Utilization Technology

> Methane Production

Water Processing
 Oxygen Production

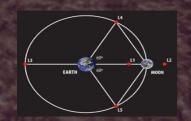




**New Technologies with Potential for Space Exploration** 

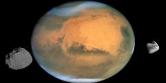
 Augmented Reality Environment for Human Mission Applications
 Expandable Structures/Habitats

 Shape-Morphing Adaptive Radiator Technology
 Effects of Dust and Dust Storm Alleviating/Reducing Technology/Systems







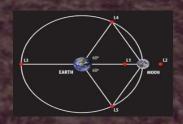


**New Technologies with Potential for Space Exploration** 

> Wavelet Technology Advanced Space Suit Technology >New Sensor Technology **>**Temperature **>**Atmosphere Gases **Biological Human Health** 



**New Technologies with Potential for Space Exploration** >Autonomous Systems (Fuzzy logic, Neural Networks) **Carbon Nano Technology**  $\succ$  Coatings > Composite structures >IPMC - Intelligent/ Smart Materials (Actuators and sensors) Superconductor Technology > Tera Hertz Technology

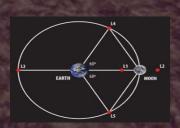






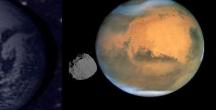


# Superconductor Technology





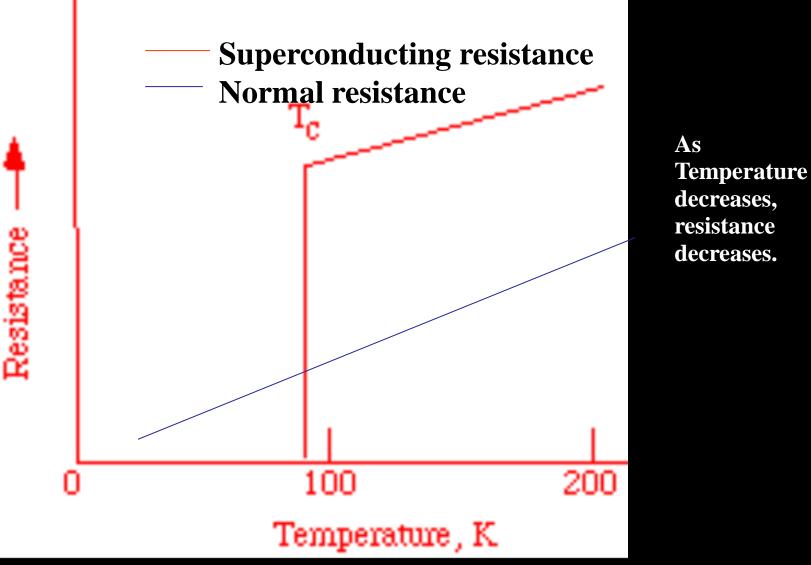




### **High** Temperature Superconductors (HTS) Resistance

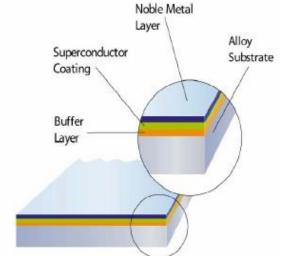
Advanced Planning Office- T. Randazzo Intern 2011

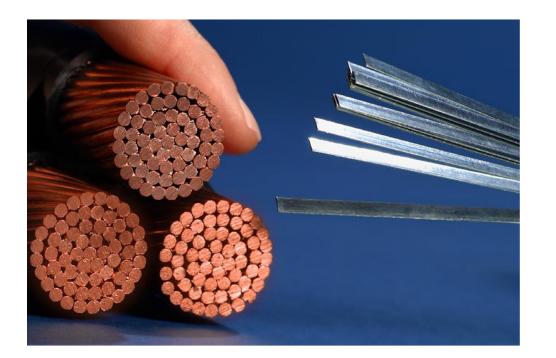
ASA



### Second Generation (2G) Coated Conductor Wire based on YBCO is now being manufactured

- Uses Thin Film Technology
  - Ni –W Metallic Foil Substrate
  - Textured buffer layer
  - Flexible YBCO Thin Film (~1-2  $\mu m)$

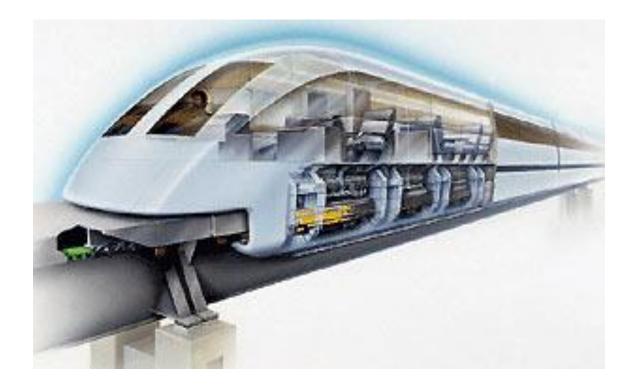


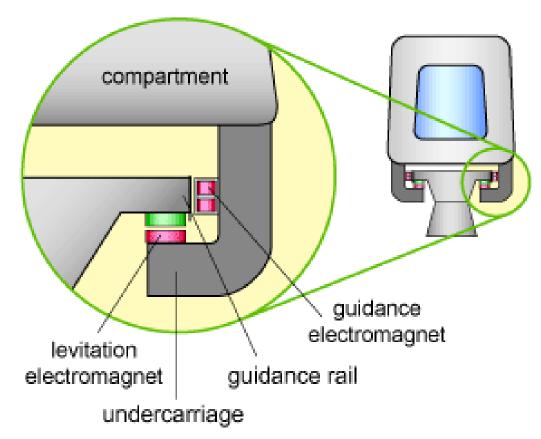










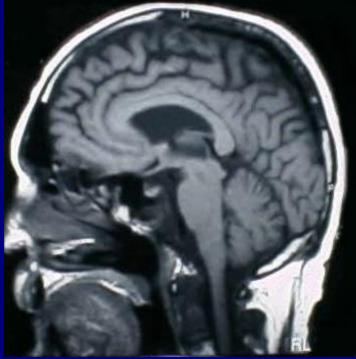




**SQUIDs:** The most sensitive detectors of magnetic fields Superconducting Quantum Interference Devices



#### Superconducting MRI system in operation



#### Example of an MRI brain scan

### **SentiMAG Technology Transfer**

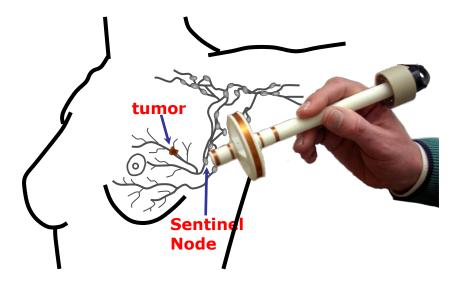


**Endomagnetics Inc.** was founded to solve a range of important surgical and healthcare diagnostic problems through the application of novel advances in bio-magnetics, nanotechnology and magnetic sensing technology based on high-temperature superconductors.

**SentiMAG<sup>TM</sup>** is an innovative handheld probe that can detect tiny magnetic fields – one millionth of the Earth's field.

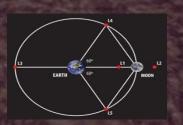
It has a unique, patented design with state of the art noise rejection so that it can be used in harsh clinical environments.

It overcomes the logistical, cost, compliance and regulatory problems that users dislike when using radioactive tracers.



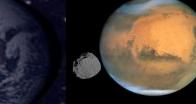
A University of Houston and University College London spinout.

# Ionic Polymer Metallic Composites Intelligent / Smart Materials

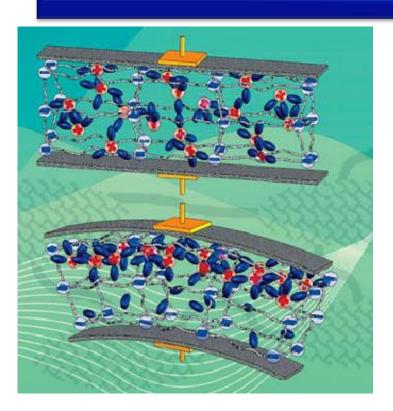




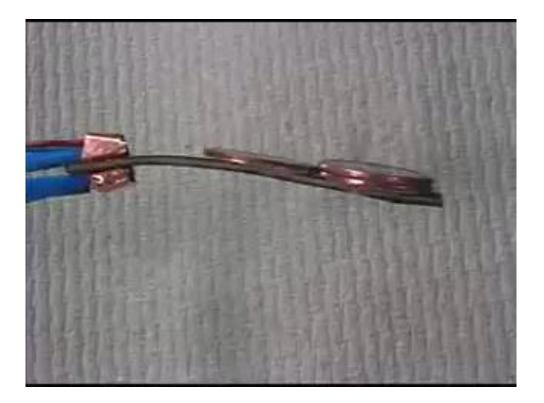




# **Structure/Properties of IPMC**



When a voltage is applied to an IPMC, the two metal strips become charged. The cations will all shift to one side of the polymer, making one edge bulge and the other crumple. To change direction of the movement, the voltage flows in the opposite direction. This is how the polymer actuates.



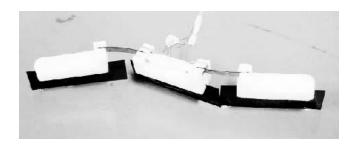
#### **IPMC lifting ~20x its weight**

## **Quarter lifted with IPMC**



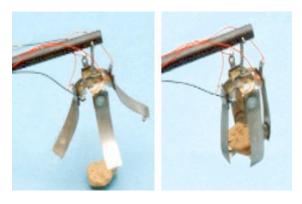
Quarter lifted by an IPMC by the application of a step voltage of 2.8 volts (E=1.4 V/mm). The time internal between the frames is approximately 1 sec (with permission from Dr. K. J. Kim)

## **Current Research of IPMC**



A snake like swimming robot using IPMC

(with permission from Dr. K. J. Kim)



Small grabbing device lifting two times it's weight



Muscular assistance

# **Current Research of IPMC**



Using IPMC as means of propulsion

(with permission from Dr. K. J. Kim)





Example of robotic hand built using IPMC

Used as a shield or lens cleaning device

# **IPMC as Sensors**

20 µ\

OV

**Zero Voltage** 

#### Voltage Builds up due to object vibrations

The movement of anions and cations causes a voltage to build up. This voltage can be measured and used to determine movement of an object (with permission from Dr. K. J. Kim)

## **IPMC Applications for Space**

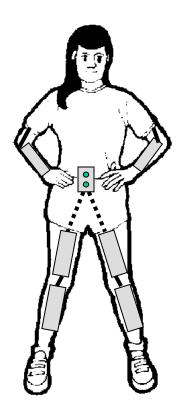
- Provide muscular resistance to counter the effects of muscle atrophy or assist when atrophy occurs
- By vibrating bones, bone mass can be maintained in presence of microgravity or partial gravity
- Have application for robotic missions to decrease energy consumption significantly
- Sense and correct vibrations caused from daily movement and activities inside a space module

# **Tightly Worn Suit with IPMC Devices In It**

Recent NASA research has suggested that **loss of bone** mass can be **minimized by vibrating body bones**.

A team of researchers discovered that normally active animals exposed to 10 minutes per day of low-magnitude (.25 g), high frequency (90 Hz) vibrations experienced increased bone formation when compared to the control group.

A system with several configurations, providing such an oscillatory activation can be developed using IPMC materials.



These systems **tightly worn around bone joints and backbone, and neck areas** are possible and can be used while astronauts are working either inside or outside of spacecrafts for **muscle exercise**.



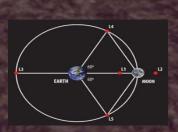
## Docking with ISS

Docking also contributes to higher vibration environment with possibility of damaging the structure

> SpaceX's Crew Dragon spaceship autonomously dock 4 astronauts to International Space Station



# **Carbon Nano Technology**



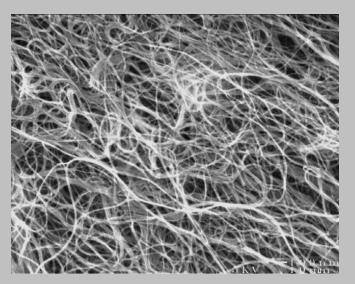


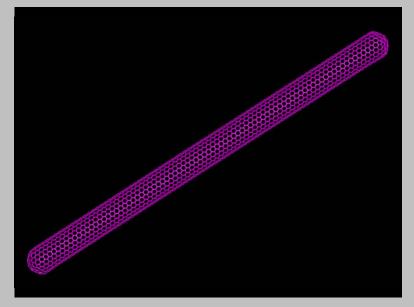




### Why NANOTECHNOLOGY? MOLECULAR PERFECTION & EXTREME PERFORMANCE

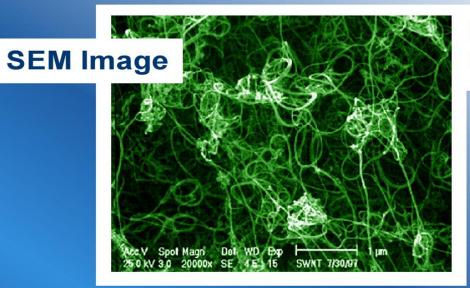
- The Strongest Fiber Possible.
- Electrical Conductor, Semi Conductor, and Superconductor.
- Thermal Conductivity of Diamond.
- The Unique Chemistry of Carbon.
- The Scale and Perfection of DNA The Fullerene Ideal
- The Ultimately Versatile Engineering Material

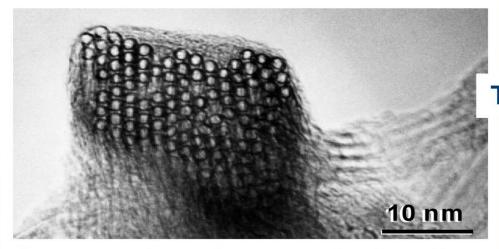




Explore. Discover. Understand.

# **Carbon Nanotubes**





**Cross-section of a nanotube bundle** 

Randomly oriented tangles of nanotube bundles

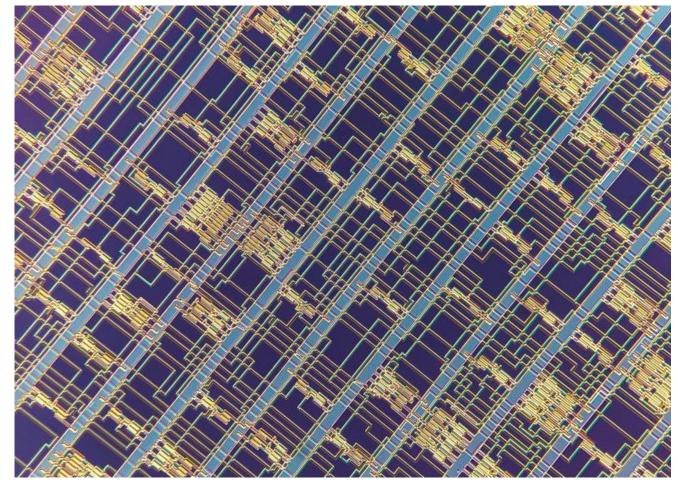
# TEM Images 10 nm

Length-wise view of a nanotube bundle

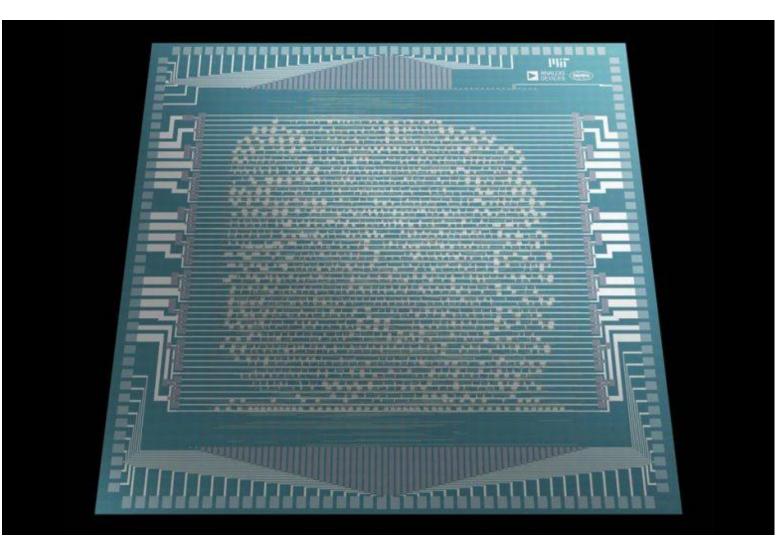
# Advanced Microprocessor Built with Carbon Nanotubes

https://scitechdaily.com/advanced-microprocessor-built-out-of-carbon-nanotubes/

By Rob Matheson, Massachusetts Institute of Technology August 30, 2019



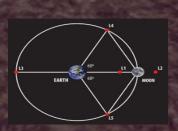
### **Advanced Microprocessor Built with Carbon Nanotubes**



# Advanced Microprocessor Built with Carbon Nanotubes

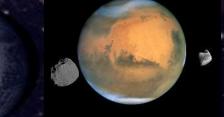
- MIT engineers have built a modern microprocessor from carbon nanotube field-effect transistors
- The new approach uses the same fabrication processes used for silicon chips
- They demonstrated a 16-bit microprocessor with more than 14,000 CNFETs that performs the same tasks as commercial microprocessors
- The researchers' microprocessor was able to execute the full set of instructions accurately

# **Propulsion Technology**

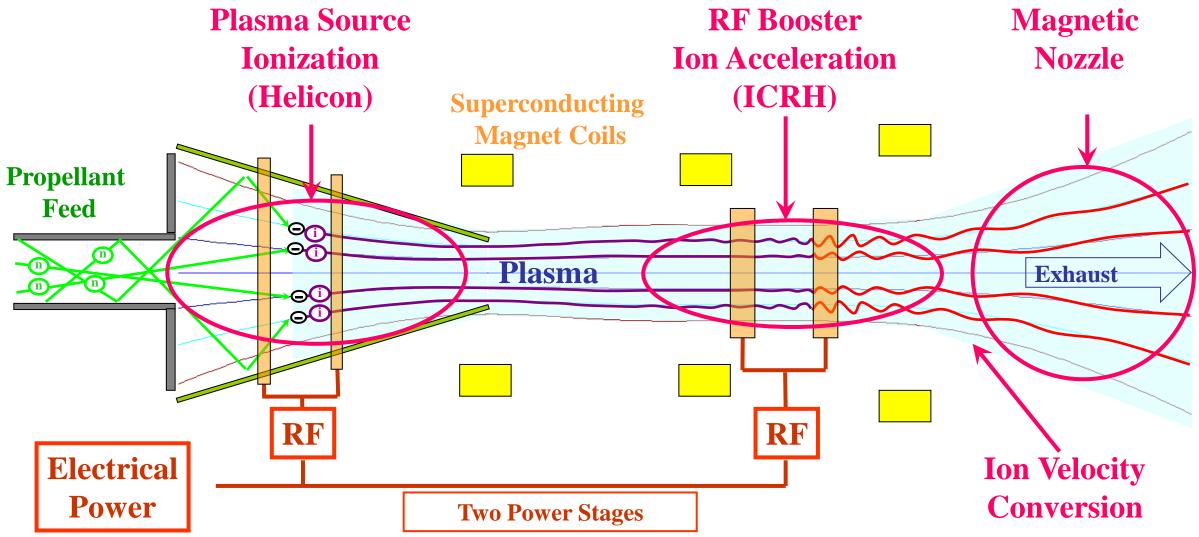








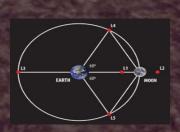
# **VASIMR Diagram**



# **Description of VASIMR Diagram**

- The Variable Specific Impulse Magnetoplasma Rocket (VASIMR) system encompasses **three linked magnetic cells** 
  - The "Plasma Source" cell involves the main injection of neutral gas (argon or lighter gasses) to be turned into plasma and the ionization subsystem.
  - The "RF Booster" cell acts as an amplifier to further accelerate the plasma ions to the desired energy using electromagnetic waves and ion cyclotron resonance
  - The "Magnetic Nozzle" cell converts the energy of the plasma into directed motion and ultimately useful thrust

# Wavelet Technology









# WHAT ARE WAVELETS?

- Functions that satisfy certain mathematical requirements and are used in representing data or other functions
- Wavelet offer opportunity to choose a wavelet series according to the application
- Modern wavelet family founded by Ingrid Daubechies in 1988
  - Developed Orthonormal Bases of Wavelets

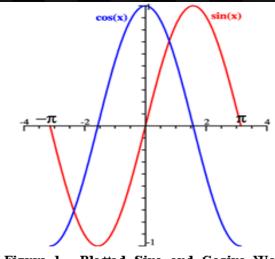


Figure 1. Plotted Sine and Cosine Wave. The translation between the sine and cosine wave causes the two functions to be an orthogonal set. Courtesy of Google Images.

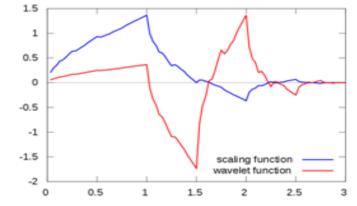


Figure 2. Daubechies Wavelet Function. The graph shows a plotted Daubechies wavelet set consisting of the wavelet function and its scaling function. This wavelet set is an orthogonal wavelet set. Courtesy of Google Images.

# **ADVANTAGES OF WAVELETS**

Can approximate data with sharp jumps, discontinuities, and abrupt changes
Localized in time/distance and frequency
Infinite set of possible basis functions
Provides immediate access to information that can be obscured by methods such as Fourier

#### 27-term Fourier

#### 27-terin Wavelet

Figure 3 [5]. Comparison of a Fourier and wavelet representation of a transient signal. The wavelet function represents the signal smoothly, as it only displays the necessary components.

EKG 100daysofrealfood.com

#### CURRENT APPLICATIONS/ RESEARCH Identification Compressive Sensing Data Compression

#### FBI



Figure 7 [1]. Comparison of Fingerprint Images. The one on the left is the original image and the one on the right is the wavelet compressed image (26 to 1 data compression).

**BAE SYSTEMS** 

**Target Detection** 

## Wavelet IDR Center

Consortium of 9 institutions conducting wavelet research



Dr. Sidney Burrus Dr. Richard Baraniuk

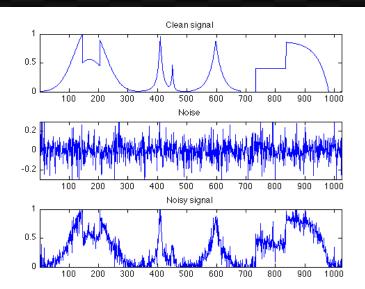


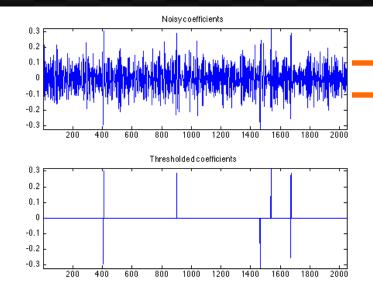


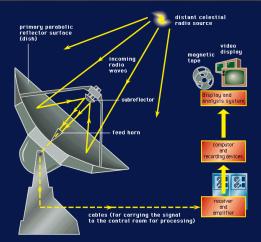
# WAVELET TECHNOLOGY APPLICATIONS FOR SPACE EXPLORATION AND UTILIZATION

### DENOISING

- Wavelet's way of "filtering" the noise out of a signal. Magic of wavelets- Stores importance in largest coefficients
- Set threshold for signal and delete the parts that don't make the "cut"
- A new signal is reconstructed with little to no noise.
- Denoise all Earth Observation and Space Exploration data







http://techgoss.blogspot.com/2010/04 /evoulation-of-radio-astronomy.html

Courtesy of MathWorks

# DATA PROCESSING/ COMPRESSION

- Audio- 8:1 Images- 100:1 Video- 140:1
- Space Agencies will continue to document what we see on Moon, Mars, Asteroids and Space
- We are running out of data storage space (disk space and physical space)
- Recent report shows that the amount of data being generated is growing 58%/yr but the amount of storage is growing 31% slower.
- Today, we produce several times more as much data than can be stored!



Photo from Hubble Space Telescope. Courtesy of NASA.



Figure 10. Spirit Rover on Martian Surface. Spirit is a rover that functions as a robotic geologis on Mars relaying mass amounts of critical data. Courtesy of NASA.

Discrete Cosine Transform (Fourier)

Wavelet Transform



# Thank You!

Dedicated to President Abraham Lincoln