



Experiences and challenges in data from WAMS for stability and control in the Dutch and the Colombian Power Systems

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Acknowledgement



The presenters thank the valuable support from

Marnick Huijsman Jorrit Bos Danny Klaar Jorge Mola TenneT TSO B.V. TenneT TSO B.V. TenneT TSO B.V. XM Colombia



The Dutch Power System

The Dutch High-Voltage Network





380 kV interconnection
380 kV interconnection in planning
220 kV connection/substation
220 kV interconnection
150 kV connection/substation
110 kV connection/substation

----0

----- 110 kV connection project

-----> Onshore DC connection in planning

380 kV connection/substation

380 kV connection/substation project

-----> Subsea interconnector

-----> Subsea interconnector in planning

----- Offshore connector

----- Offshore connector in planning

Offshore convertorstation/substation

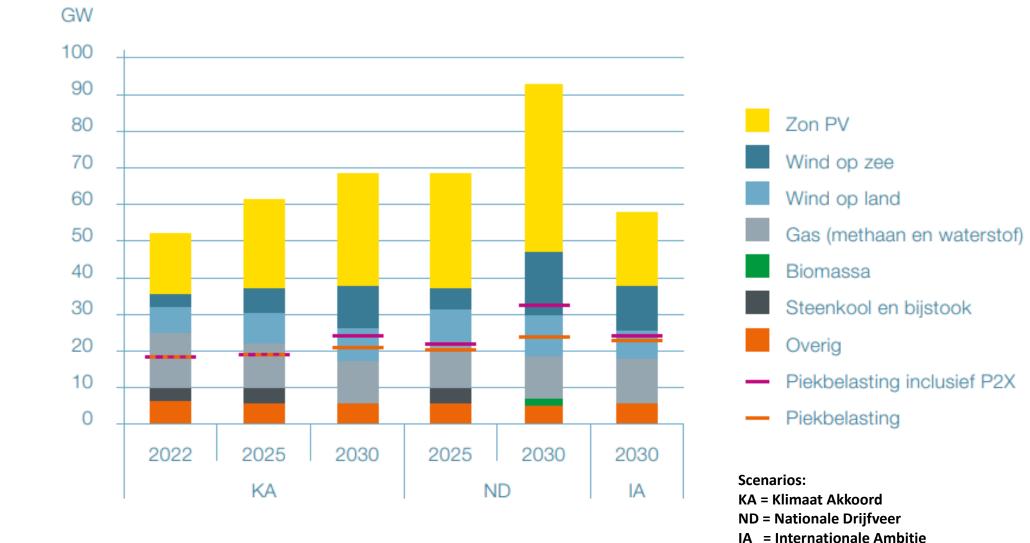
TenneT head office

TenneT office

Power plant

Meeden Name substation

Development of RES

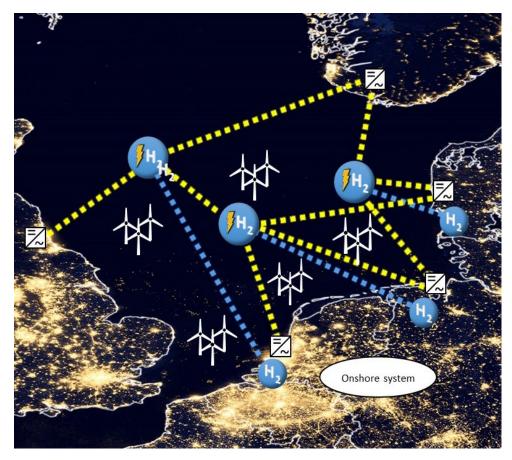




Stability challenges due to high RES



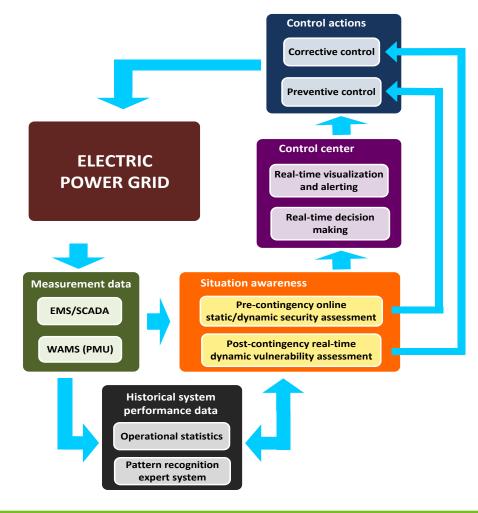
Towards 100% clean power supply



- Changing (time-variant), faster, and complex dynamic properties due to higher penetration of power electronic converters.
- Instability risk due to unprecedented adverse multi-controller dynamics.
- Limitations of existing tools for offline and online dynamic security assessment, control design, and decision making.

PMU data in power system operation





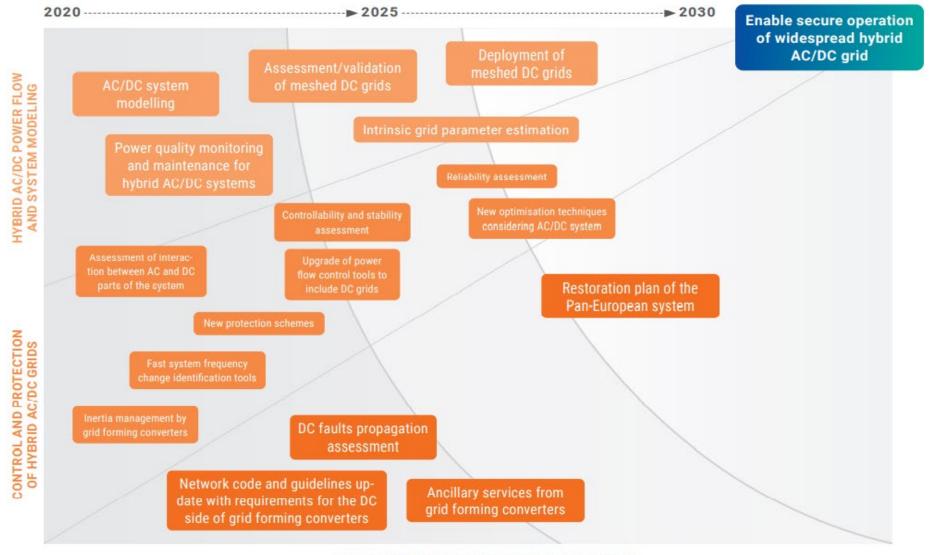
Challenges

Increasing the number of PMU devices (currently 6 PMUs deployed offline).

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- Optimal handling and storage of large amounts of data.
- Continuous evaluation of data quality and its influence on models and functionalities of EMS.
- Effective tools for real-time resiliency assessment and enhancement and decision making.

Relevant R&D topics

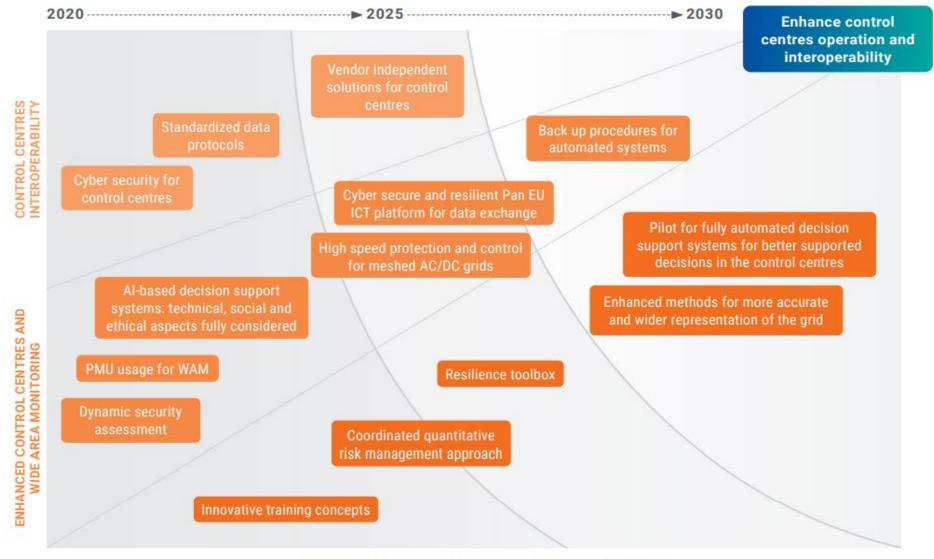


IEEE

PES

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Relevant R&D topics



GUIDELINES AND TOOLS FOR HIGHLY COMPLEX SYSTEMS Source: ENTSO-E

IEEE

PES

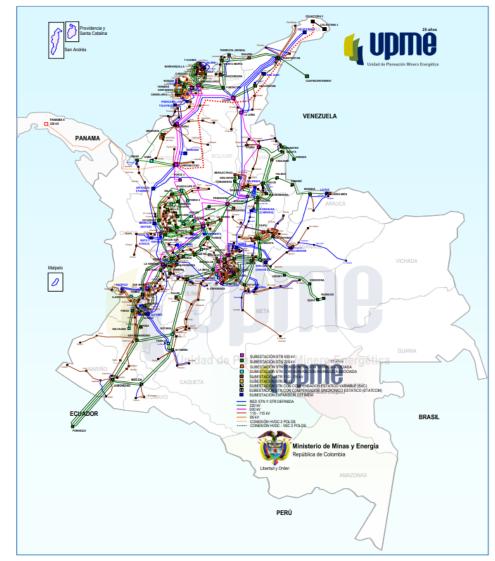
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The Colombian Power System

The Colombian High-Voltage Network





0.85% 0.16% 31% 9. Hydraulic 0.0al & Gas 0. Cogeneration 0. Solar & Wind

Generation Mix

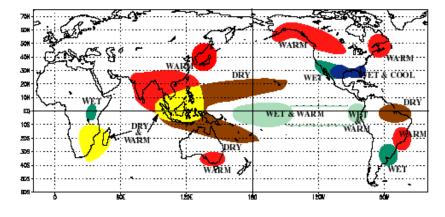
- 1400 buses
- 364 synchronous generators (mostly hydraulic)
- 900 transmission lines
- 17.6 GW maximum generation capacity
- 10.6 GW maximum active power demand.

Electrical grid from 66 kV to 500 kV [dotted lines means expansion plan]

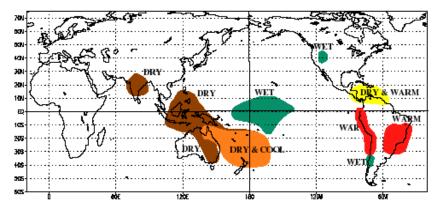
PMU data in power system operation



WARM EPISODE RELATIONSHIPS DECEMBER - FEBRUARY



WARM EPISODE RELATIONSHIPS JUNE - AUGUST



Challenges

Resiliency jeopardized by climate patterns (e.g. El Niño)

IEEE

- Unprecedented dynamic phenomena due to technological upgrades (e.g. growing integration of power electronics).
- Increasing the number of PMU devices (currently 100 PMUs installed across the system and used in online applications like state estimation and network analysis).
- Application of PMU data for uncertainty modelling and reliability assessment and enhancement in different time horizons
- Deployment of big data analytics and advanced artificial intelligence.



Any Question?