



Mobile CORD (M-CORD)

Open Reference Solution for 5G

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A brief history - SDN origins



2006 - Clean Slate Program - Stanford, Berkeley, NSF
First open source projects - Mininet, OVS ...
Beginnings of Software Defined Networking (SDN)
Created OpenFlow standard



2011 - Open Networking Foundation
Non profit - advance SDN and OpenFlow for industry benefit
Open Networking Lab
Non profit - Open Source network infrastructure development
for public benefit



2014 - Open Network Operating System (ONOS) launched
2016 - Central Office Rearchitected as a Data Center (CORD) launched
Both are Linux Foundation Collaborative Projects

Partners



6 Leading service providers make solutions relevant to them

10 Leading vendors help make solutions real & ready for deployment

[ABOUT](#)[CONTRIBUTE](#)[SOFTWARE](#)[NEWS](#)

ONOS® is building a better network.

The Open Network Operating System (ONOS) is a software defined networking (SDN) OS for service providers that has scalability, high availability, high performance and abstractions to make it easy to create apps and services. The platform is based on a solid architecture and has quickly matured to be feature rich and production ready. The community has grown to include over 50 partners and collaborators that contribute to all aspects of the project including interesting use cases such as CORD.

[LEARN MORE ABOUT OUR MISSION](#)

ONOS Project Collaborators



Collaborating organizations help grow the community and grow the impact

[SPECS](#)[NEWS](#)[CONTRIBUTE](#)[COLLATERAL](#)[DOWNLOAD](#)[ABOUT](#)A background image of a server room with rows of server racks and blue indicator lights.

CORD[®]: REINVENTING CENTRAL OFFICES FOR EFFICIENCY & AGILITY

CORD Summit

Check out the slides and videos from the July 29 CORD Summit

[WATCH VIDEOS AND SLIDES](#)

CORD Project Collaborators



ONF Innovators





"Many people might not realize that running their own cellular networks is not only possible but also doesn't require substantial technical expertise" – Khashif Ali, Facebook

Key Takeaways



CORD is bringing economics of the datacenter and agility of the cloud to the access network through open source collaboration

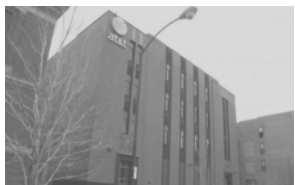
M-CORD is CORD optimized for the mobile network – both access and core are virtualized and disaggregated

M-CORD is the perfect platform for building 5G solutions

CORD (Central Office Re-Invented as Data Center)



High Level Architecture



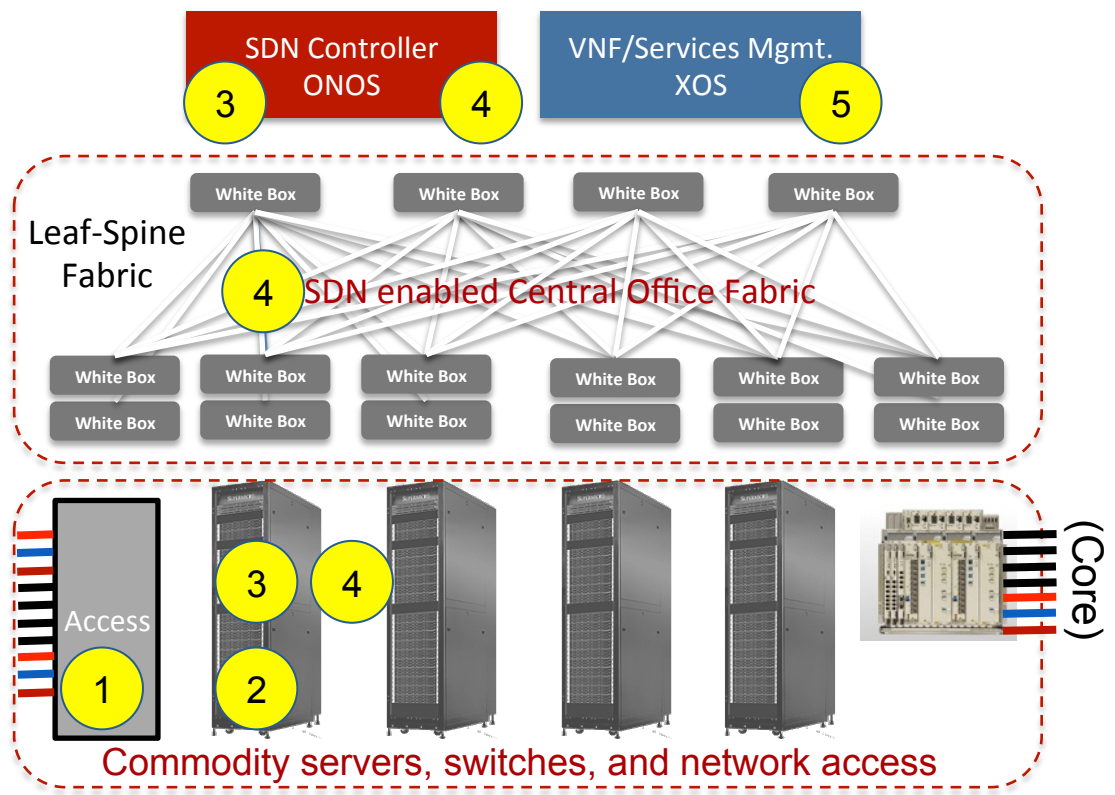
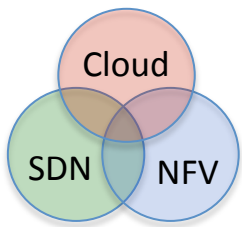
Large number of COs



Evolved over 40-50 years



300+ Types of equipment
Huge source of CAPEX/OPEX





CORD Vision

- Built around **commodity servers** and **white-box switches**, and to the extent possible, leverages merchant silicon.
- Enables **disaggregation**, and is not restricted to running bundled legacy VNFs in virtual machines.
- Leverages **SDN** to both interconnect the virtual and physical elements and as a source of **innovative services**.
- **Extensible platform** that can be customized to include multiple access technologies and services.
- Adopts best practices in building, composing, and operating **scalable multi-tenant cloud services**, including support for multi-tenancy.

CORD - Multi Access Architecture

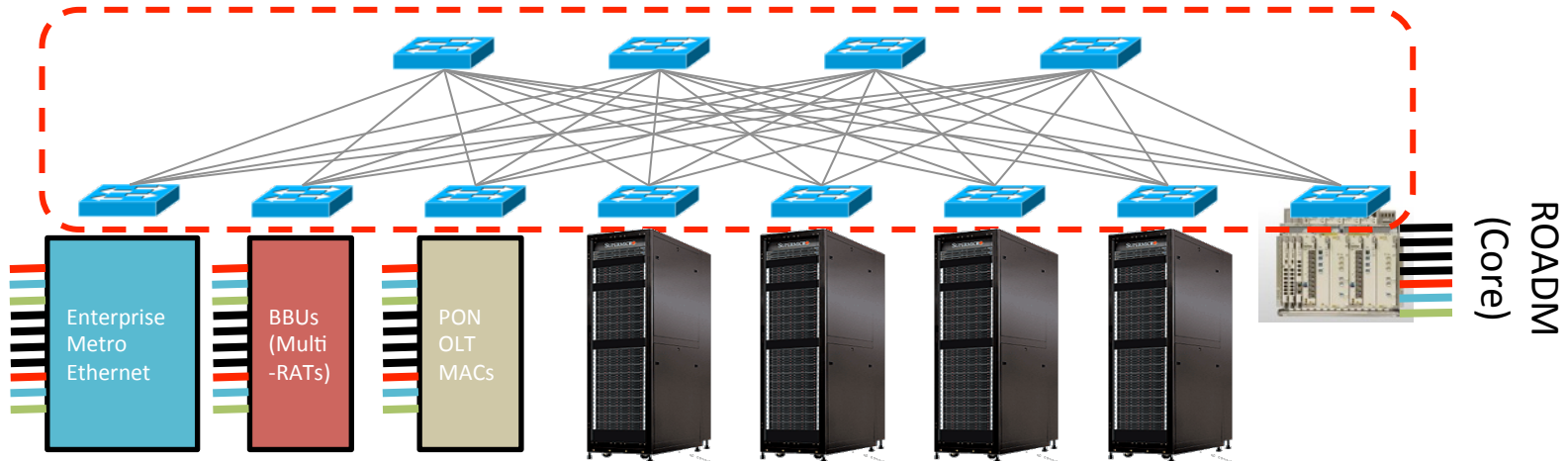


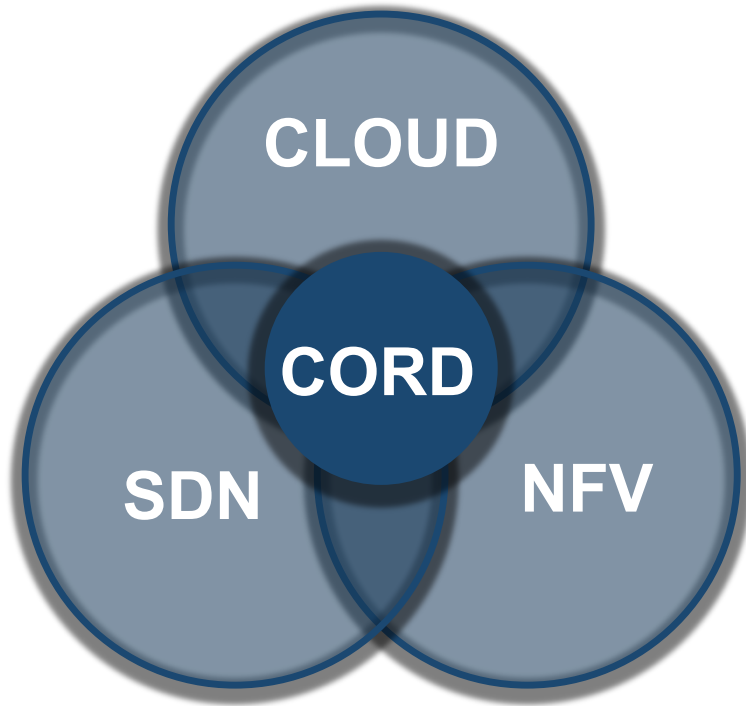
Enterprise
SDN-WAN with
programmability,
packet-optical
convergence

Mobile
Enable 5G w/
Disaggregated/
Virtualized RAN &
EPC, Mobile Edge

Residential
vOLT, vSG,
vRouter, vCDN

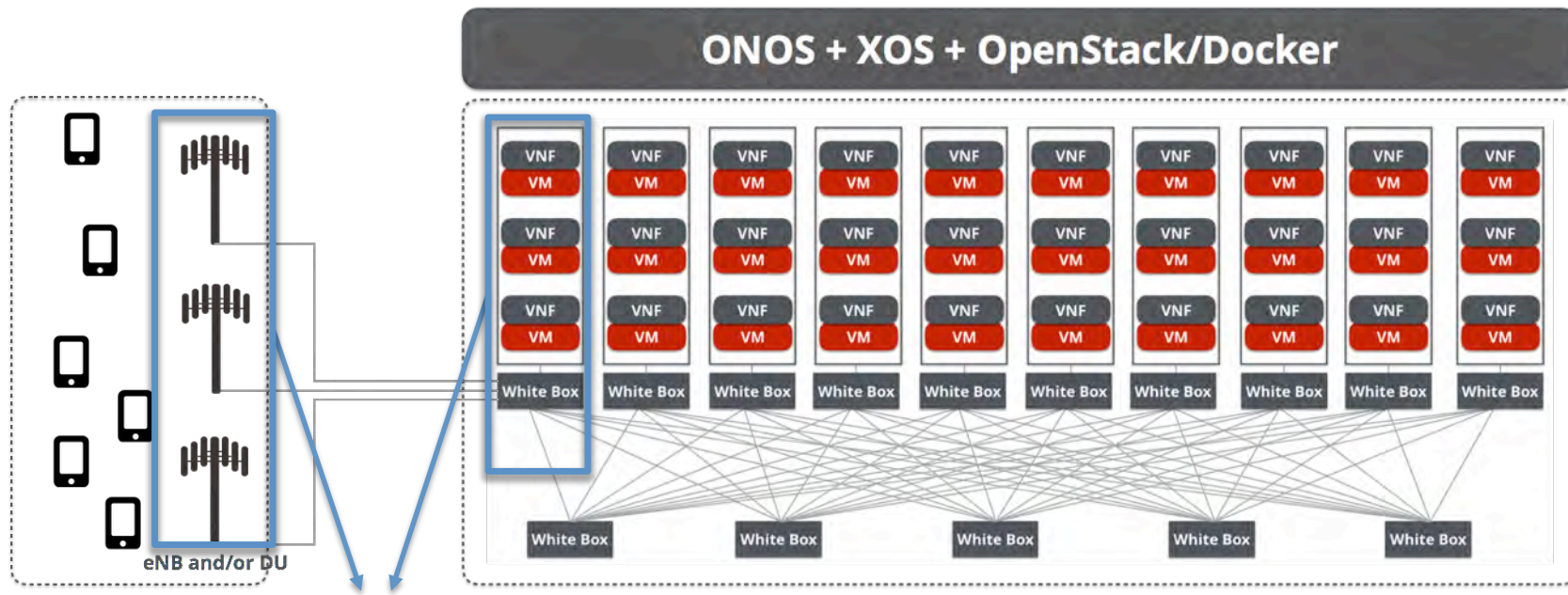
ONOS + OpenStack + XOS





- EPC – Disaggregated and virtualized - running on (distributed) access cloud over programmable VN/fabric
- RAN - Disaggregated (split stack into CU & RU), virtualized CU, configurable and programmable by ONOS

M-CORD as an Access Cloud



ONOS-Controlled eNB (slicing)

Radio Access-as-a-Service – customized business solutions for verticals

CORD Software Components



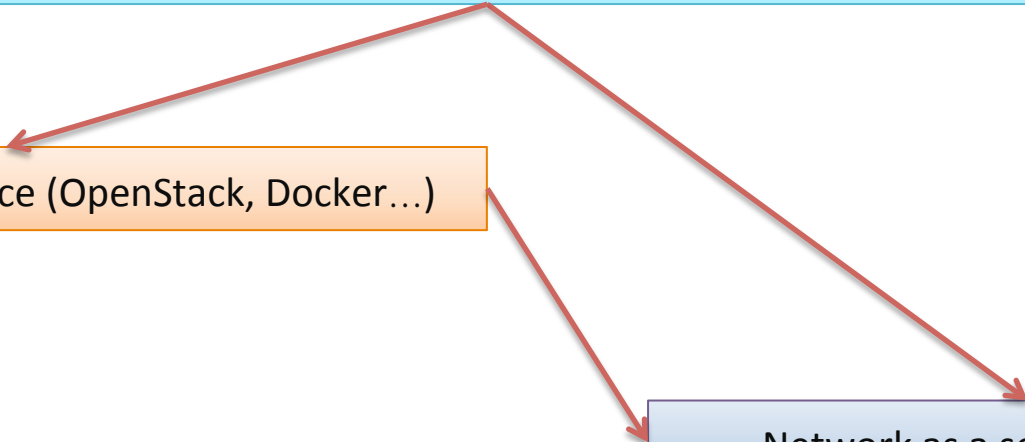
Orchestration (ONAP...)

Service definitions (Tosca...)

XOS – Data Model, Synchronizers

VM, Container as a service (OpenStack, Docker...)

Network as a service (ONOS...)



Reference Implementation – Software



Access-
as-a-Service

EPC-
as-a-Service

RAN-Slice-
as-a-Service

CN-Slice-
as-a-Service

Connectionless-
EPC-as-a-Service

GTP-less
EPC-as-a-Service

Public Safety-
as-a-Service

Monitoring & Testing
as-a-Service

XOS

CU

vMME

vHSS

vS-GW-u

vP-GW-u

Net Cookie
Check

Ceilometer

vMM

vSM

vS-GW-c

vP-GW-c

vIoT-GW-u

OpenStack/Docker

VTN

Fabric
Control

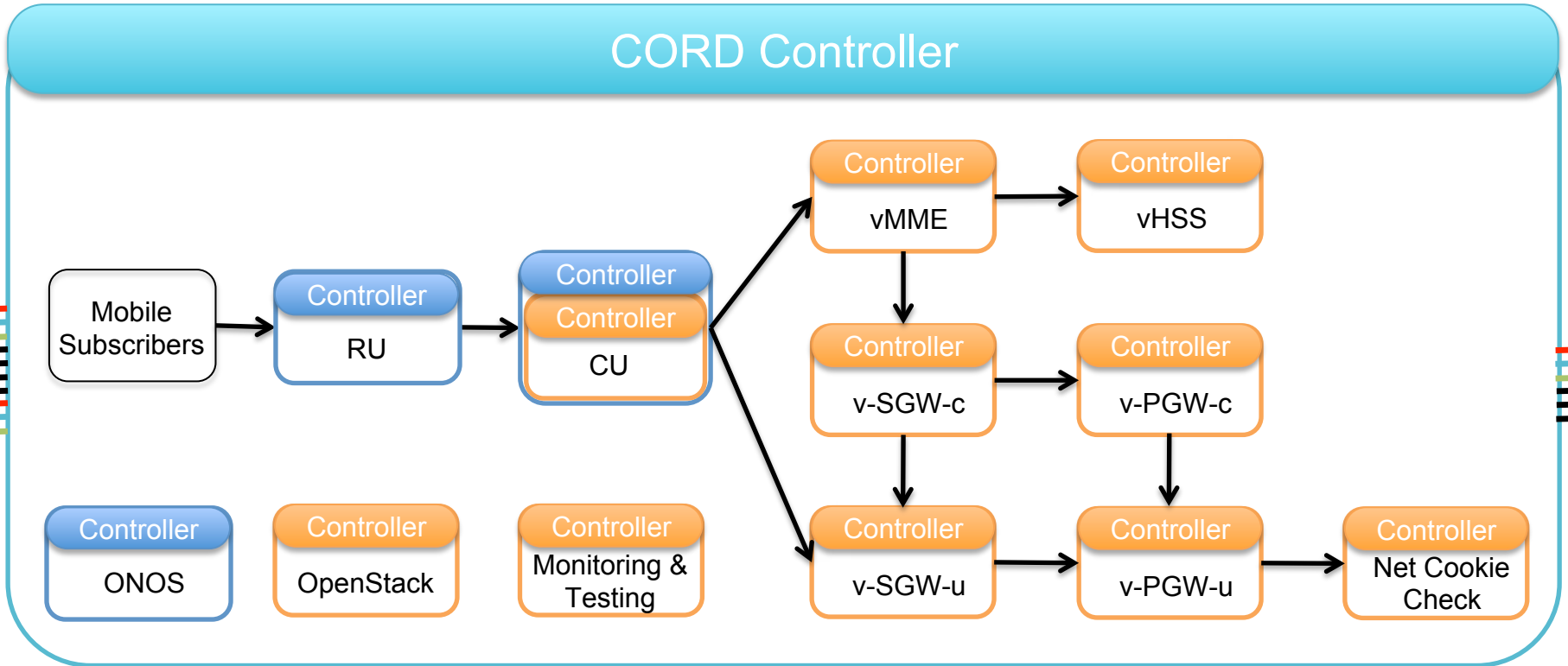
SD-RAN
Control

Slicing
Control

vS-P-GW-c

ONOS

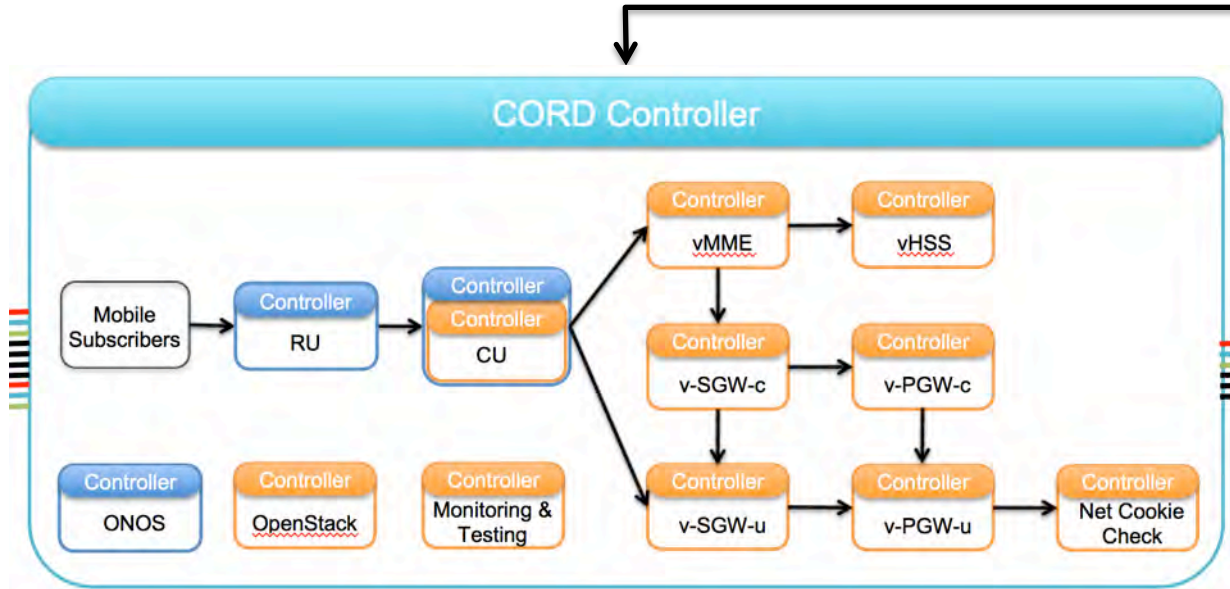
Reference Architecture: Model-Based



Arrows show associations, not data flow

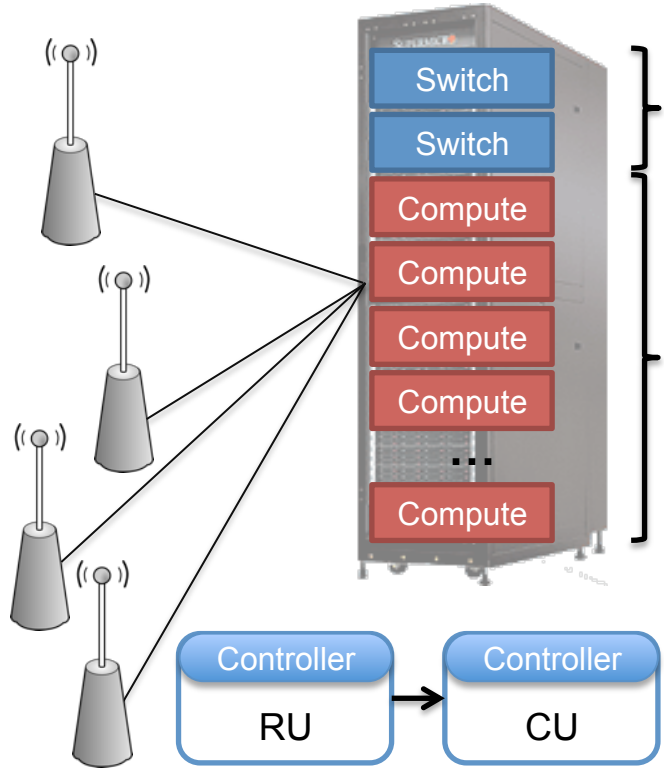
Think of service *graphs*, not just chains

Runtime Interface



- Runtime Interface
- On-board, Provision Services
 - Instantiate, Control Instances
 - Report Inventory, Analytics

Scale Down – Lite-and-Right CORD



Single/Partial Rack (No Spine Switches)

Minimal Compute (All services, including ONOS, XOS and RAN CU, run in containers)

If you also “scale down” the software so the Service Graph includes just RU + CU, the resulting configuration = “SD-RAN”

Why Model Driven? Beyond Micro Services



Micro Service Arch

- Single Application
 - Single Trust Domain
 - Fixed Set of Services
- Fixed Infrastructure
 - Virtualization Technology
 - Network Functionality

CORD's Service Control Plane

- Multi-Tenant Platform
 - Mediate Trust Across Domains
 - Configurable Set of Services
- Programmable Infrastructure
 - Multiple Virtualization Technologies
 - SDN Control Apps as Services

Model-Driven Design



Models are the definitive specification of the architecture

- Defines the abstract objects and the relationships among them

- Predicates (first order logic) defines actions on models

Architecture is “executed” to operationalize the system

- Represents the system’s authoritative state

- Auto-generates all Northbound APIs

- Enforces security policies and engineering invariants

- Activates the data plane (backend components)

Model-Driven Design



Architecture evolves over time

- On-board new models to extend the architecture

- Add invariants (predicates) to reflect experience

 - New user requirements (from operators)

 - New engineering constraints (from developers)

Summary – beyond micro services



Micro-Services are a tried-and-true way to build scalable apps
DevOps is an agile way to manage and control scalable services
But...

Limited security model → Single trust domain

Limited flexibility → A solution, not a platform

Limited use of SDN → Plumbing, not a source of services

Solution...

Layer Operations-as-a-Service on top of Micro-Services

Leverage centralized Data Model to “drive” DevOps tools

Leverage SDN as a source of innovative services

M-CORD PODs



M-CORD Micro



- Built with Intel NUCs and 4-port OF Switches
- 2 x 3 spine-leaf
- Lowest cost
- Targeted for demos and lab trial

M-CORD Mini



- OCP compliant
- 6U compact
- x86 and ARM COTS servers
- Low cost
- Targeted for lab trial and PoCs

M-CORD Mini (ARM)



- OCP compliant
- 6U compact
- ARM COTS servers
- Low cost
- Targeted for lab trial and PoCs

M-CORD POD



- Telco OCP compliant
- 16U
- Targeted for field trial
- Modular and scalable
- x86 and ARM COTS

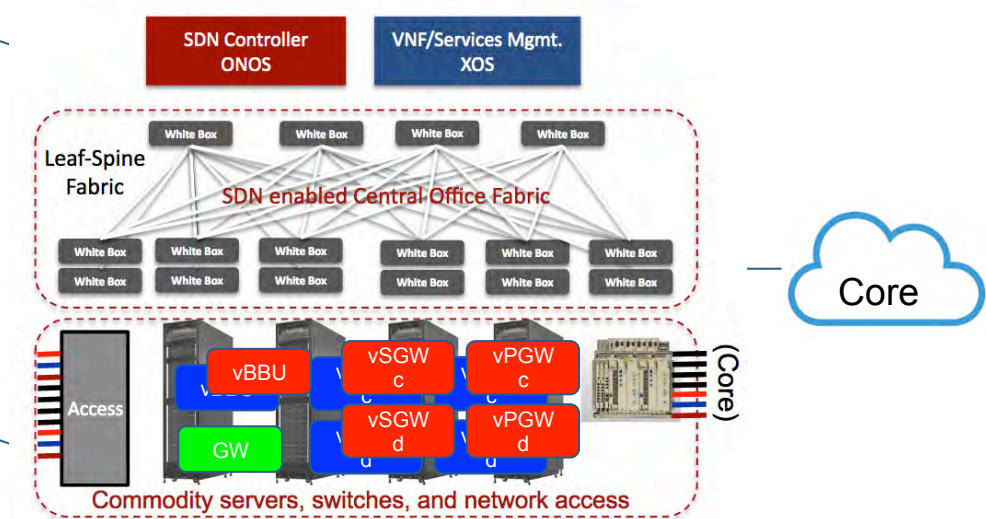
Mobile CORD Enhancements to LTE

Radio Access Network

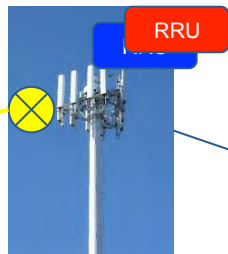


1. Build CORD Platform:
commodity HW, open source SW

2. Disaggregate, virtualize boxes



4. Add “network cookies” to
apps and classification at RAN



3. “Slice” the RAN and Core (Cloud scaling)

5. Add connectionless gateway

M-CORD as an Enabler for Rapid Innovation



Addressed 5G Key Principles and Concepts	M-CORD Solutions
Control and User Plane Separate (CUPS)	CUPS Compliant EPC
Disaggregation and modularization	Disaggregated EPC, Further Disaggregation of MME
Network Slicing	Programmable Core Network Slicing Programmable RAN Slicing Orchestratable E2E Slicing
Flow Based QoS Mechanism	Use of Network Cookies for UE-programmable flow based differentiation
Reusable Services	XOS treats everything as a service – a service may be invoked by another service

M-CORD as an Enabler for Rapid Innovation



Addressed 5G Key Principles and Concepts	M-CORD Solutions
GTP-Tunnel Establishment Overhead for IoT	A GTP-Tunnel-less EPC Slice for IoT
Scalable user plan functions (UPF)	A scalable UPF with associated CPF realized on the SDN control plane



*Radisys and Sprint/Intel versions both 3GPP compliant

M-CORD Innovations at ONS 2017

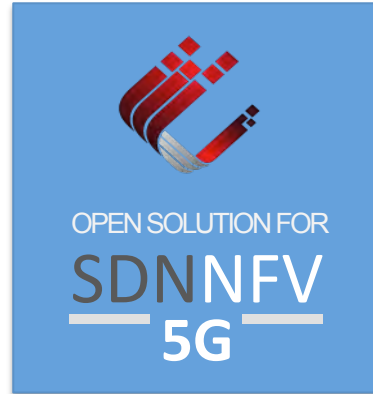


INFRASTRUCTURE

I Optimized CORE for IoT

II Scalable & Connectionless CORE

III End to End Network slicing



SERVICES

IV Premium Safety Service

V Analytics as a Service

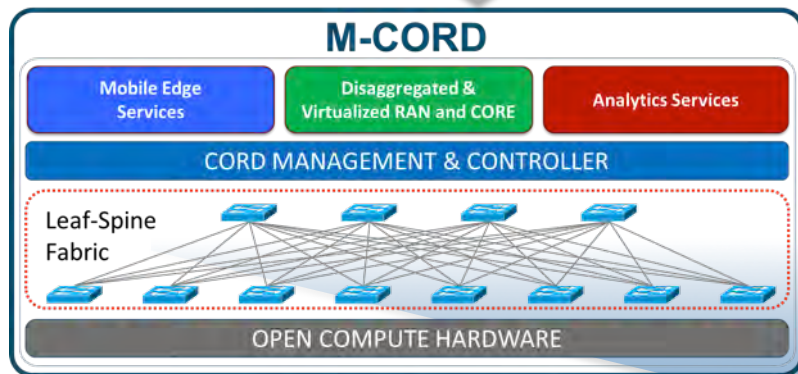
Virtualized, Disaggregated, and Programmable



M-CORD Innovations: Optimized CORE for IoT



Static IoT on current LTE leads to excessive signal overhead

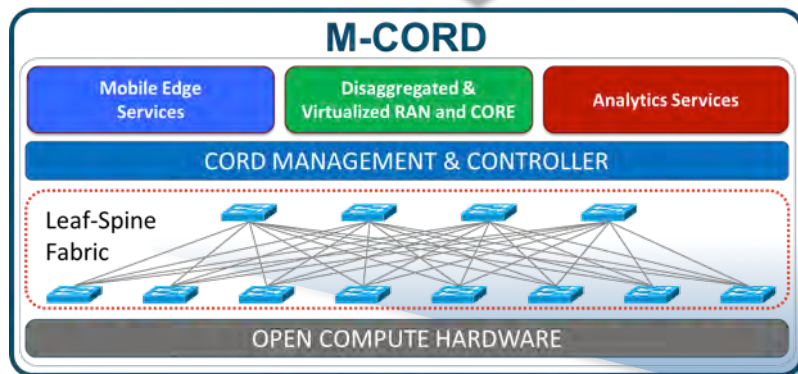


- MME disaggregation
- IoT GW
- Core slicing

Optimized Mobile CORE for Static IoT



M-CORD Innovations: SDNized Scalable CORE



- Flow classification at RAN
- GTP & GTP-less support
- Scalable Connectionless GW

SDNized Scalable & Connectionless CORE

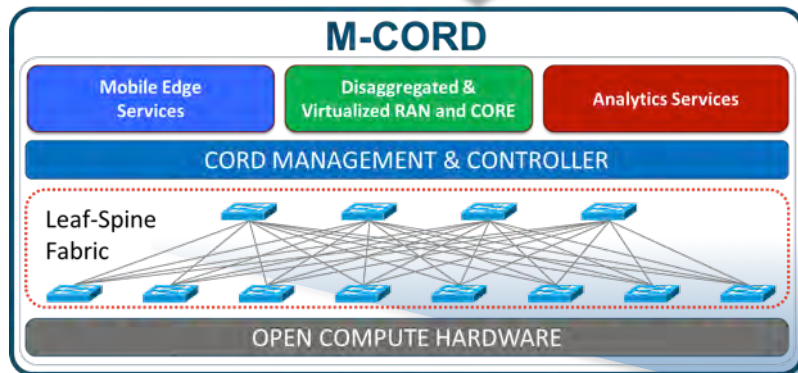


M-CORD Innovations: End to End Slicing



REQUIREMENTS

- Network slicing
- Differentiated traffic treatment for diverse devices, users, & services
- Mobile Virtual Network Operator (MVNO)



- RAN & CORE slicing
- E2E Orchestration & Network Slicing as a service

Dynamic & Programmable End to End Slicing



Safety service

Requires more intelligence
with diverse destination & format



audio



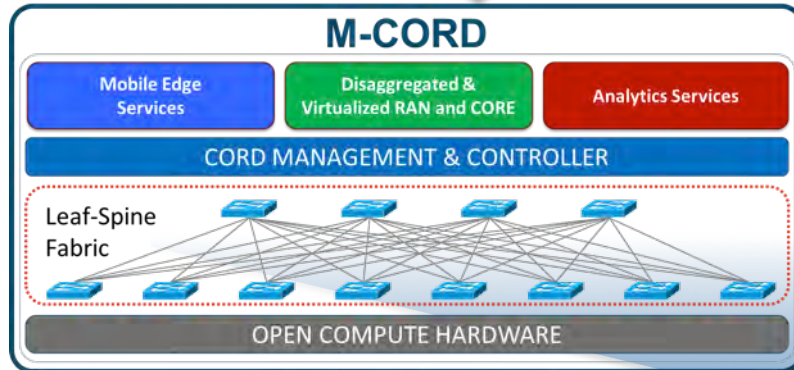
video



location



map



- Traffic classification
- Network cookie
- User-driven application

Premium Public Safety Service

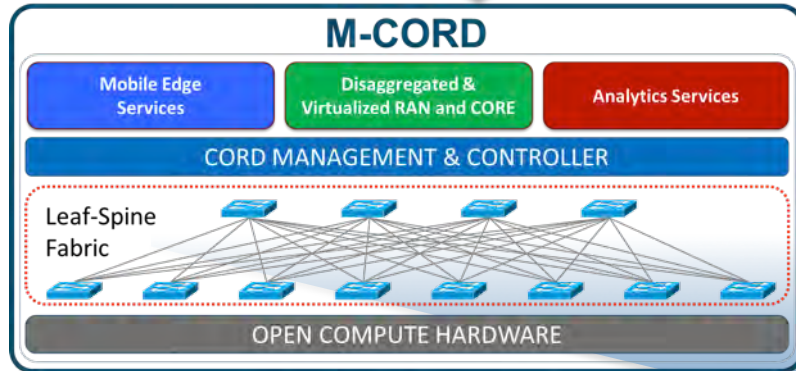


M-CORD SERVICES: Adaptive Analytics Service



Service assurance solution requires

- Model driven approach
- Dynamic analytics



- Adaptive monitoring
- Anomaly detection
- Active testing
- Closed loop automation

Model Driven Assurance and Testing as a Service

Mobile CORD (M-CORD) @ ONS 2017



ON.LAB

CORD
Central Office Re-architected as a Datacenter

Mobile CORD: Open Reference Solution for 5G

Contributing Members



radisys



verizon

Collaborators



CORD Project and xRAN Consortium Align to Build Carrier Grade Software for Next Generation Radio Access Network (RAN)

FEBRUARY 23, 2017

Share This Article:   

xRAN and M-CORD partnership show immediate value of ONF's new software defined standards approach



Extensible Radio Access Network

Common Goal – modular, extensible RAN

- Decouple Control and User planes

- Modular eNB stack

- Standard NB/SB interfaces

- Multi-vendor

- Logically centralized control

Dr. Sachin Katti, Stanford professor, xRAN founder is Chief Scientist for Mobility at ONF

XRAN+M-CORD: A Standard Software Substrate for Next Generation Mobile Infrastructure



APPLICATION ADMISSION CONTROL NETWORK SLICING MANAGEMENT PUBLIC SAFETY APPLICATIONS ECOMP ORCHESTRATION

XRAN Standardized Northbound API

ONOS (w/ XRAN Controller) + XOS + OpenStack/Docker

XRAN Standardized Southbound API

DISAGGREGATED (SPLIT) VIRTUALIZED RAN

EDGE CLOUD

DISAGGREGATED (SPLIT) VIRTUALIZED EPC



M-CORD

ON.Lab to focus on implementation of xRAN into M-CORD platform with active guidance and participation of Sachin Katti



Architecture and interface/API spec




▶ MOBILE / MEC (MOBILE EDGE COMPUTING)

China Unicom & Cavium Trial M-CORD



NEWS WIRE
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LIGHT READING
6/30/2017

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SAN JOSE, Calif. and SHANGHAI, China -- Cavium, Inc. (NASDAQ: CAVM), a leading provider of semiconductor products that enable secure and intelligent processing for enterprise, data center, wired and wireless networking and China Unicom today announced a targeted program for testing 5G target use cases on M-CORD SDN/NFV platform by using Cavium silicon-based white box hardware in M-CORD racks populated with ThunderX® ARM-based data center COTS servers and XPliant® programmable SDN Ethernet switch-based white box switches.

China Unicom and Cavium will shortly commence trials in several locations in mainland China to explore the new service.

Cavium and China Unicom will demonstrate Multi-access Edge Computing (MEC) use cases developed through previously announced collaboration with China Unicom utilizing the ON.Lab M-CORD (Mobile Central Office Re-architected as data center) SDN/NFV platform at the Mobile World Congress Shanghai from Jun 28th – Jun 30th 2017. The conference will take place at the Shanghai New International Expo Centre (SNIEC), in the China United Network Communications Group Co., Ltd ("China Unicom") booth at stand location W4.B20.

EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES

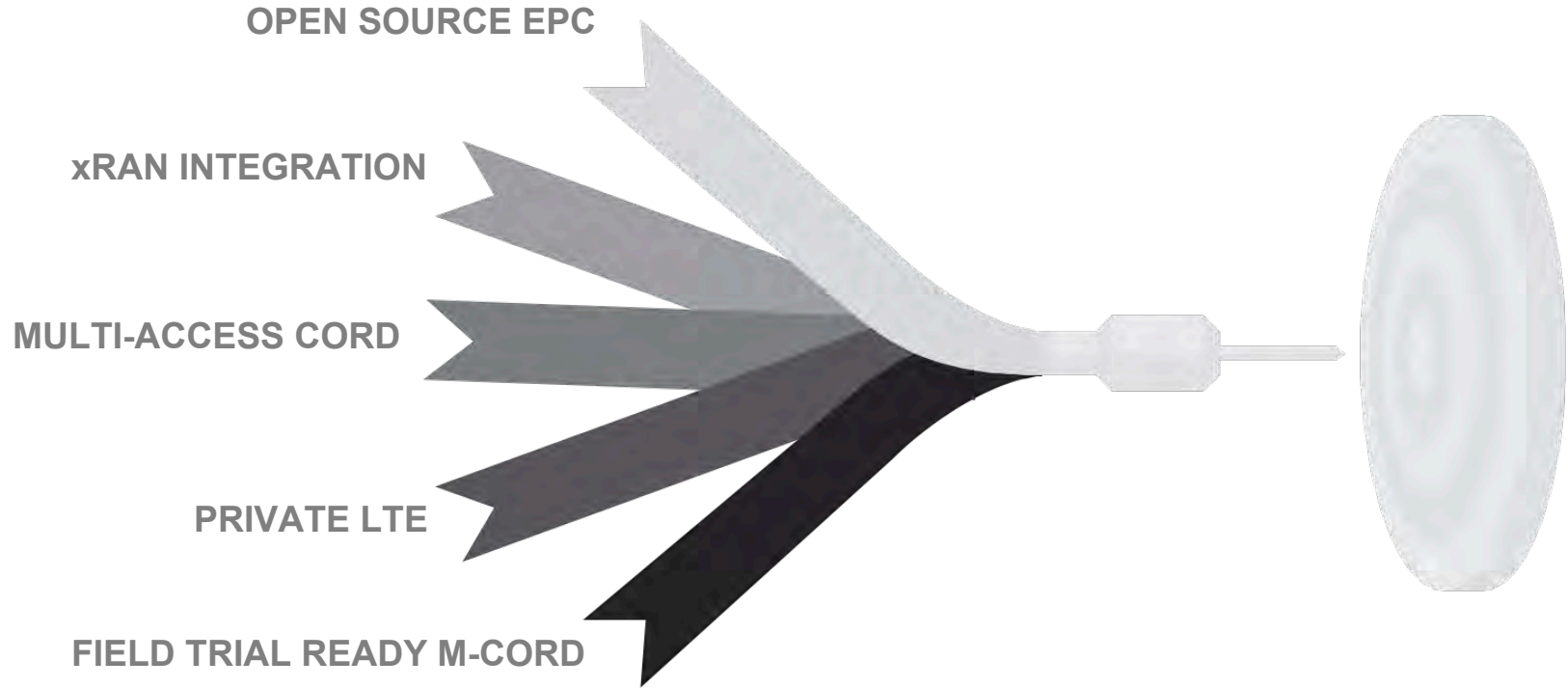
sponsor supplied content

- The Self-Driving Network- Part 1: A Bolder Vision for the Industry
- Preparing Junos OS for the Future- An Architectural Update
- vMX Lightweight 4over6 Virtual Network Function - Juniper and Snabb in a Docker Container
- Secure-24 Leverages Virtual Firewalls and Automation to Deliver New Managed Cloud Hosting Services in Hours
- Four Reasons to Automate Your Network Right Now

EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES ARCHIVE



M-CORD Roadmap



M-CORD @ MWC Americas'17



POTENTIAL POCs

xRAN	LINK AGGREGATION	PERFORMANCE TESTING
CBRS	MULTIACCESS CORD	CONNECTIONLESS v2.0
ONAP	NETWORK COOKIES	OPEN SOURCE EPC v2.0

Key Takeaways



CORD is bringing economics of the datacenter and agility of the cloud to the access network through open source collaboration.

M-CORD is CORD optimized for the mobile network – both access and core are virtualized and disaggregated

M-CORD is the perfect platform for building 5G solutions

Thank you!



Join the journey
onosproject.org
opencord.org