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Department of Communications,
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University of Genoa, Italy



Telecommunication Networks
and Telematics Laboratory



Energy Efficient Networking: The ECONET Project (low Energy Consumption NETWORKS)

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Where did the idea of ECONET stem from?

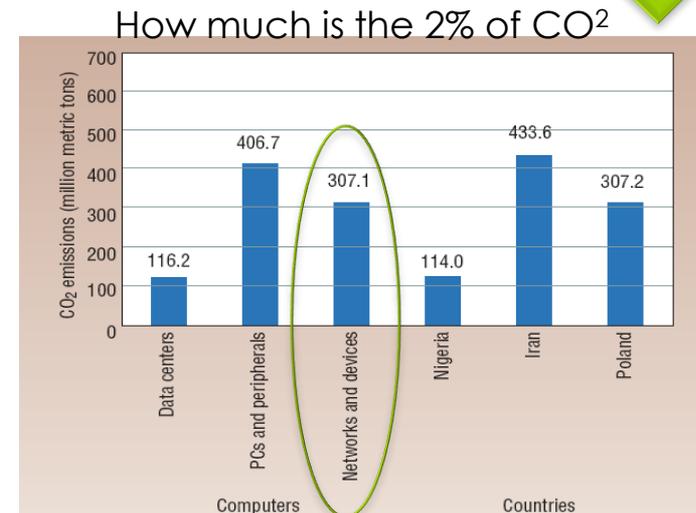
...Driving forces

- There are two main motivations that drive the quest for “green” ICT:
 - the environmental one, which is related to the reduction of wastes, in order to impact on CO² emission;
 - the economical one, which stems from the reduction of operating costs (OPEX) of ICT services.

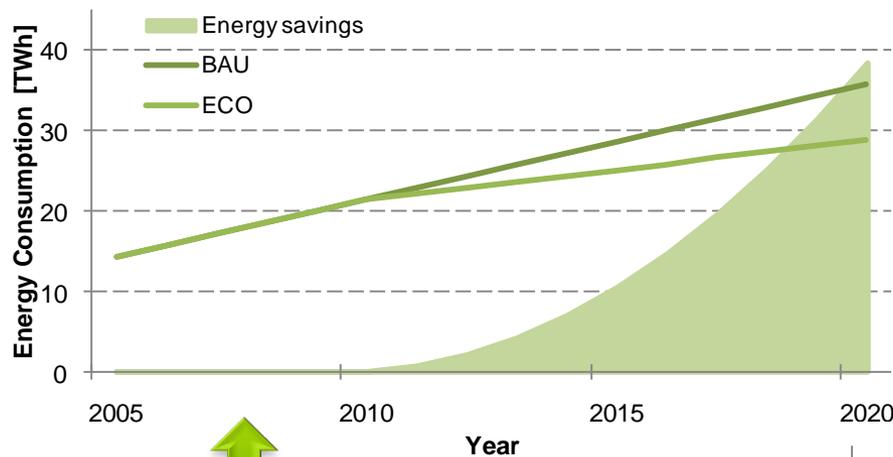
Gartner Group, Inc. (2007)

“The global information and communications technology (ICT) industry accounts for approximately 2 percent of global carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions, a figure equivalent to aviation.”

Note that the ICT sector raises much faster than aviation



Where did the idea of ECONET stem from? ...Potential saving

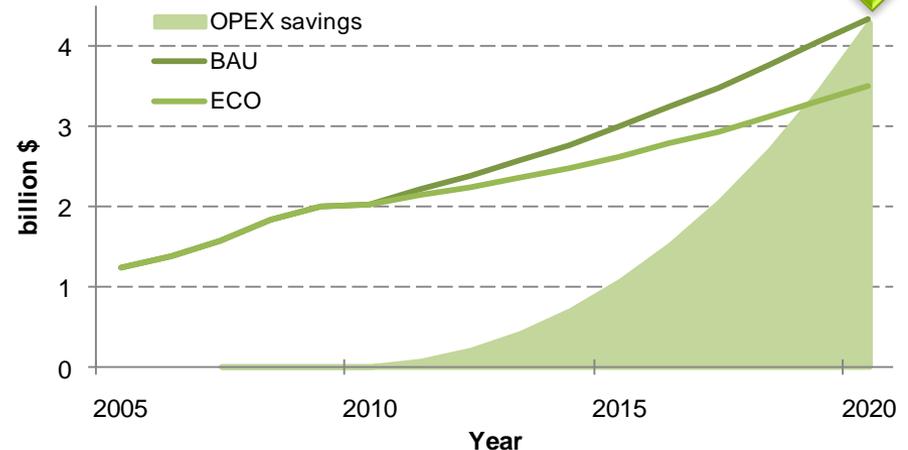


OPEX estimation related to energy costs for the European telcos' network infrastructures in the "Business-As-Usual" (BAU) and in the Eco sustainable (ECO) scenarios, and cumulative savings between the two scenarios.

Source: R. Bolla, R. Bruschi, F. Davoli, F. Cucchietti, "Energy Efficiency in the Future Internet: A Survey of Existing Approaches and Trends in Energy-Aware Fixed Network Infrastructures," *IEEE Communications Surveys & Tutorials*, vol. 13, no. 2, pp. 223-244, 2nd Qr. 2011.

Energy consumption estimation for the European telcos' network infrastructures in the "Business-As-Usual" (BAU) and in the Eco sustainable (ECO) scenarios, and cumulative energy savings between the two scenarios.

Source: European Commission DG INFSO report

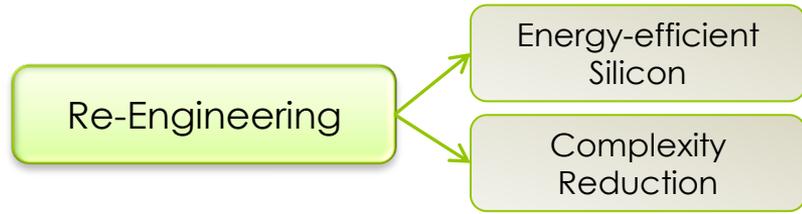


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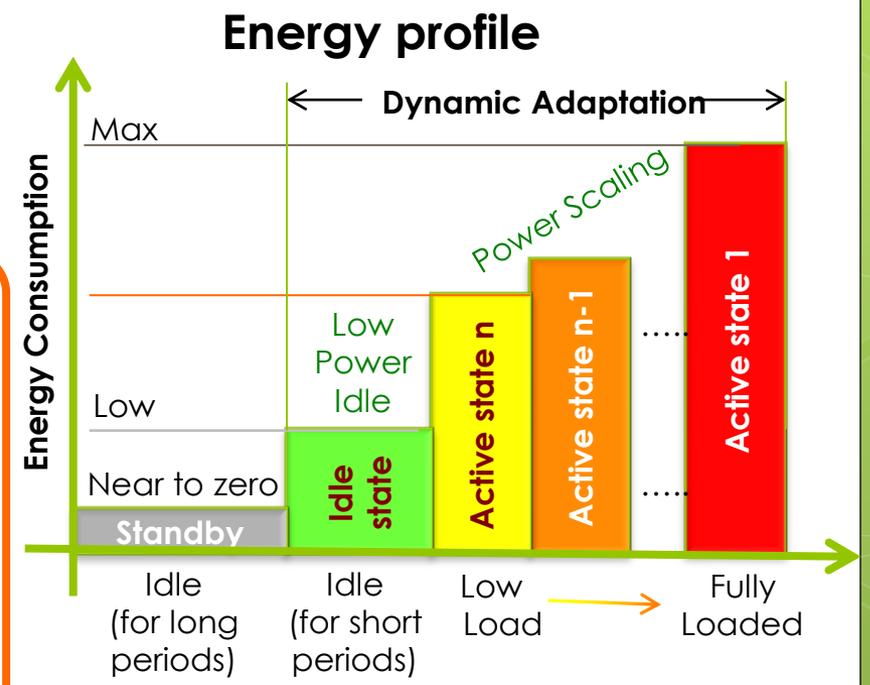
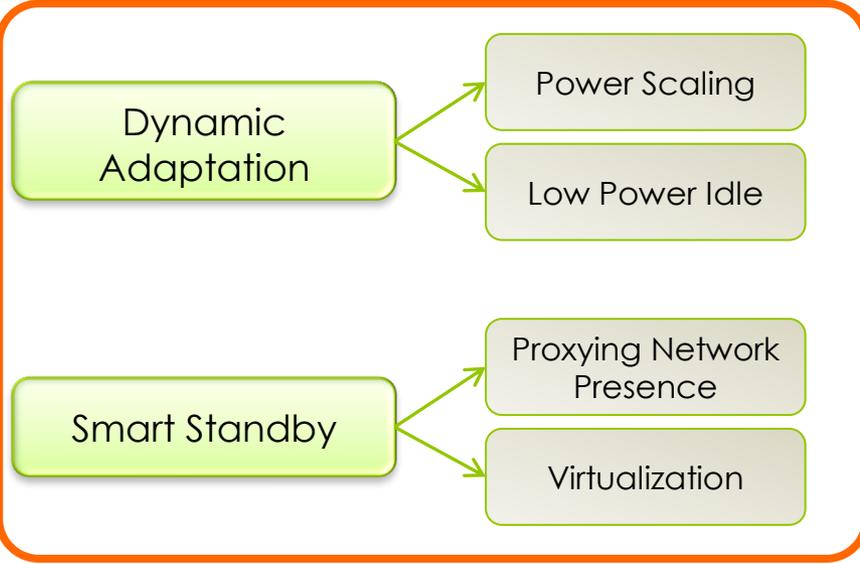
...How to cope with this

- Today's (and especially future) network infrastructures are characterized by:
 - **Design capable to deal with strong requests and constraints** in terms of resources and performance (large loads, very low delay, high availability,)
 - **Services characterized by high variability of load and resource requests** along time (burstiness, rush hours, ...)
- The current feasible solution:
 - **Smart power management**: energy consumption should follow the dynamics of the service requests.
 - **Flexibility in resource usage**: virtualization to obtain an aggressive sharing of physical resources.

Possible Approaches



Power management





low Energy CONsumption NETworks

Project data at a glance

Project Type	FP7 Integrated project
Project coordinator	Prof. Raffaele Bolla (CNIT, c/o University of Genoa)
Project duration	October 2010 – September 2013 (36 months)
Consortium	15 partners from 8 countries and 2 American University associated
Project budget	10.5 M€ (6.2 M€ from EU)
Resources	1168 PM (33 full time persons for three years)
Website	http://www.econet-project.eu

Participant organisation name	Short name	Country
Consorzio Nazionale Interuniversitario per le Telecomunicazioni – UdR at DIST University of Genoa (Coordinator)	CNIT	Italy
Mellanox Technologies	MLX	Israel
Alcatel Lucent	ALU	Italy
Lantiq	LQDE	Germany
Ericsson Telecomunicazioni S.p.A.	TEI	Italy
Telecom Italia	TELIT	Italy
Greek Research & Technology Network	GRNET	Greece
Research and Academic Computer Network	NASK	Poland
Dublin City University	DCU	Ireland
VTT Technical Research Centre	VTT	Finland
Warsaw University of Technology	WUT	Poland
NetVisor	NVR	Hungary
Ethernity	ETY	Israel
LightComm	LGT	Italy
InfoCom	INFO	Italy
Portland State University	PSU	USA
University of South Florida	USF	USA



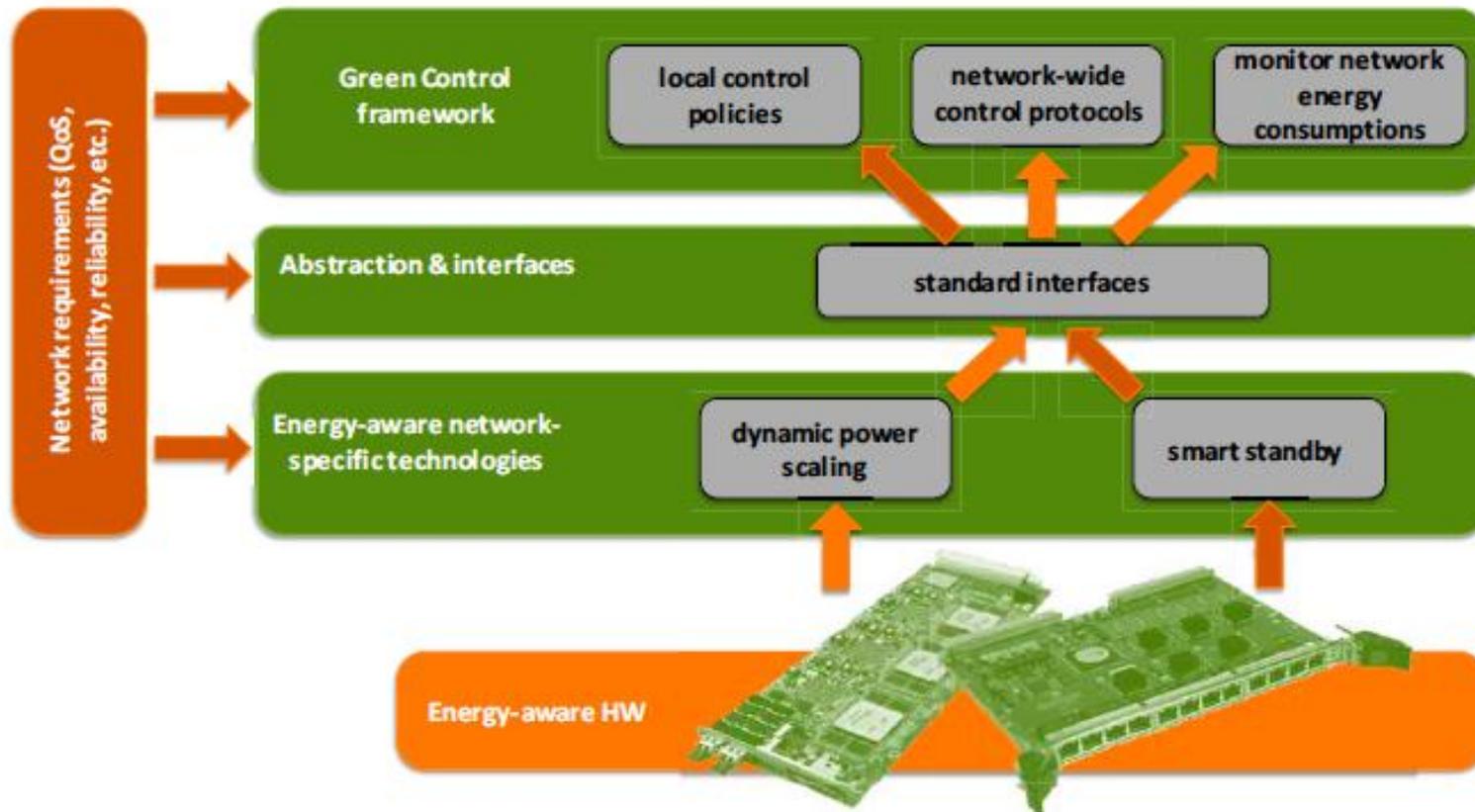
Motivations

- Increasing the energy efficiency and the sustainable growth of our world is a global process where Telecommunications technologies (and the ICTs in general) play a key role.
- But to obtain optimum results the process should involve the “two faces of the same coin”:
 - **Green ICT** – reducing the carbon footprint of ICT
 - **ICT for Green** – using ICT for reducing third party-wastes.
- ECONET is dealing with the first aspect
 - **Focused on short and medium term exploitation**

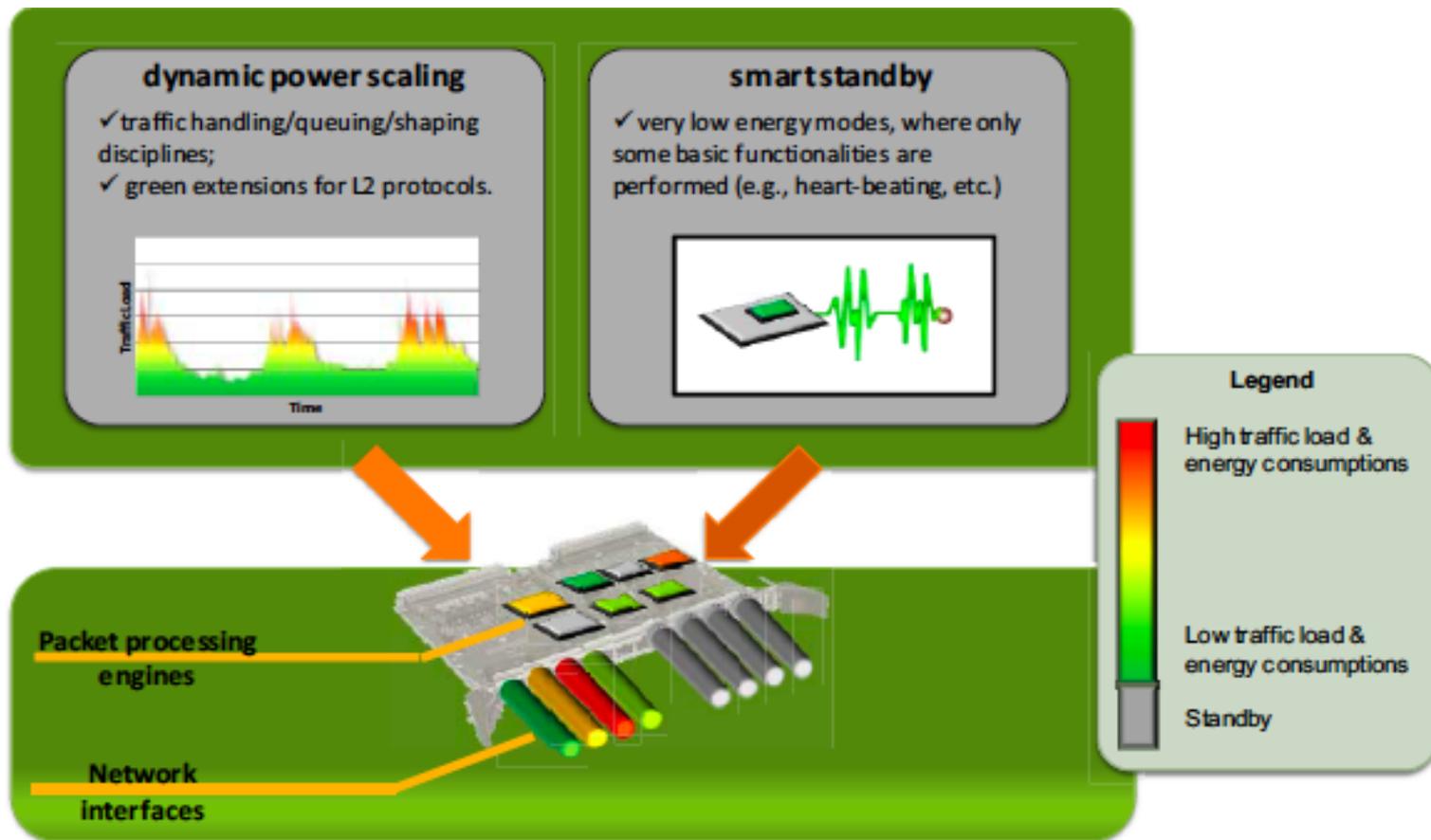
Main objectives

- The ECONET project aims at studying and introducing **adaptive technologies (standby and performance scaling) that allow saving energy when a network device or part of it is not used in wire-line networks.**
 - **Access/home** -> standby when users are not “connected”; idle/performance scaling when users are “connected”
 - **Core/metro** -> standby for redundant and unused HW; idle/performance scaling for active HW
- The **final objective is to obtain an average consumption reduction of 50-80%**
- **The ambition is to produce a feasible and concrete solution exploitable within very few years to improve the behaviour of the current equipment and architectures.**
- This goal is also pursued by
 - promoting bridging actions between the Research/Academia and the **Standardization arena** to guarantee early and effective adoption of the new energy efficient techniques.
 - exploiting clustering activities with other projects running on the same green subject

The project approach

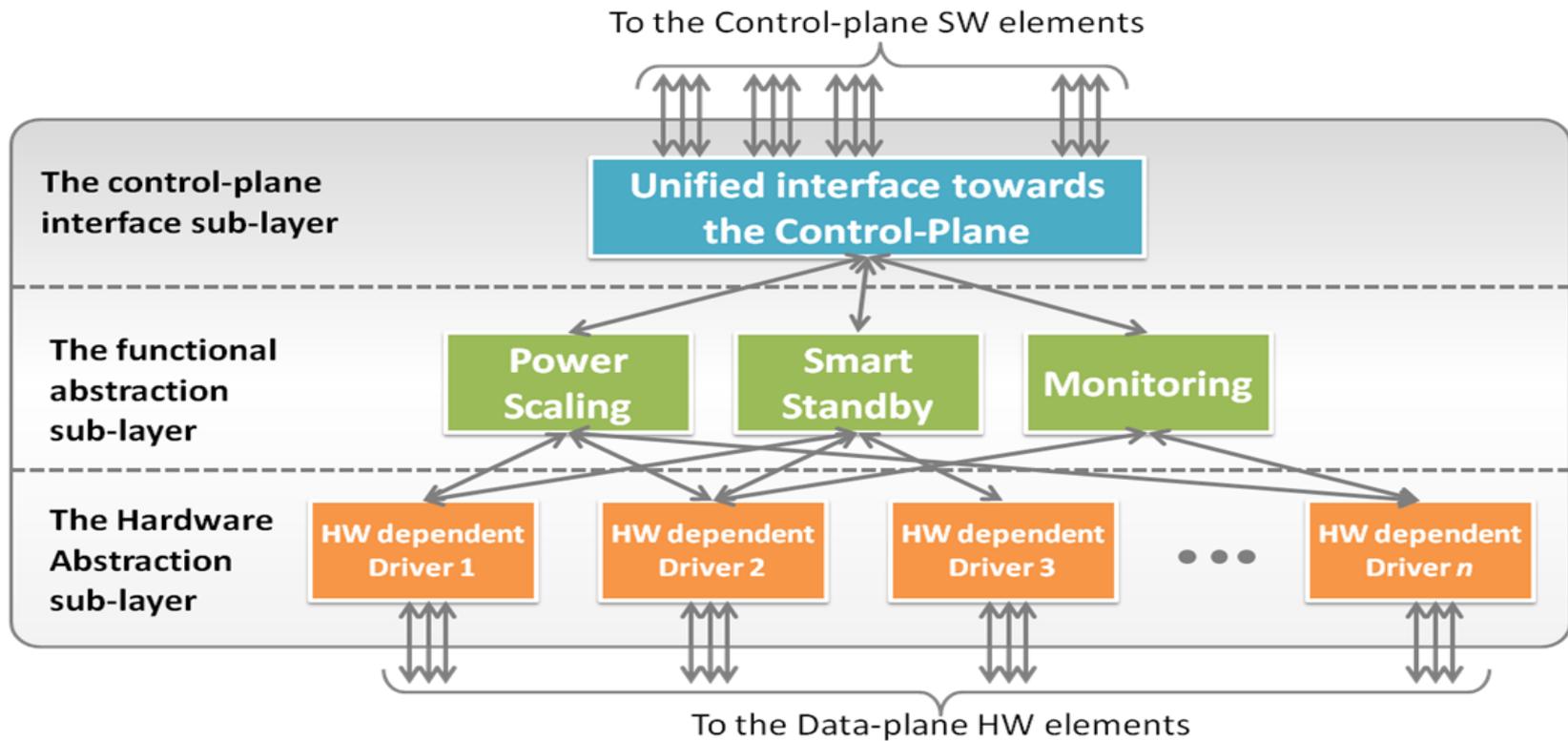


The project approach Energy aware specific technologies



The project approach

Green Abstraction Layer



The project approach

Green Control Framework

Autonomic and short-term on-line optimizations



Local Optimization Policies

- Given:
- the actual traffic workload from input links
 - Local service requirements
- dynamically find the best energy-aware configuration

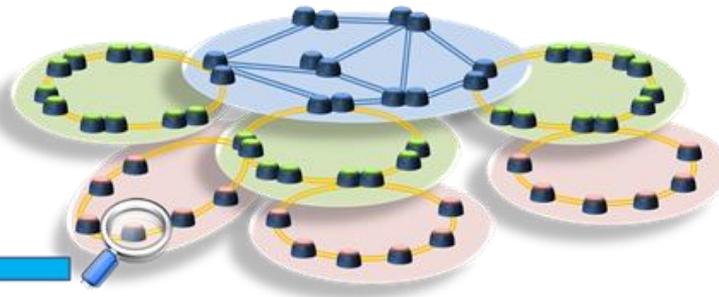


Routing & Traffic Engineering

Given:

- The traffic matrix
- Service requirements
- The energy-aware capabilities of network nodes and links

Dynamically move the traffic flows among network nodes in order to minimize the overall network consumption



Operator-driven long-term off-line optimizations



Network-wide Monitoring

Given the history of measurements regarding:

- network performance
- energy consumption

The operator can explicitly plan and/or reconfigure the settings of:

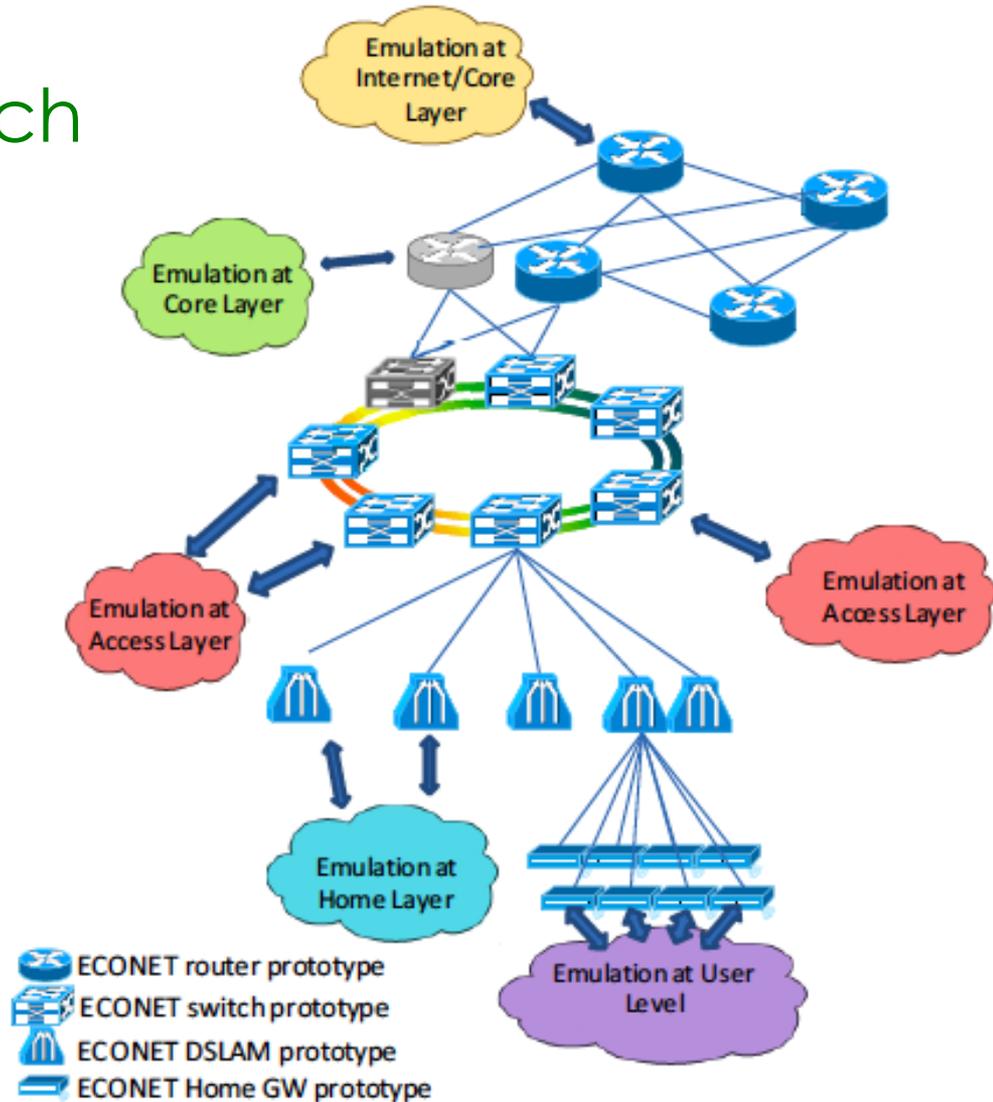
- single device
- Traffic engineering and routing.



The Network Operations Center (NOC)



ECONET Test Bench @ TELIT Test Plant



Thanks for your attention